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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

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ROBERT BELL's,

Next Door to St. Paul's Church, in Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC SALE,

On the PREMISES, on SATURDAY the ſixteenth day of NOVEMBER next,

THAT well accuſtomed TAVERN on the Lancaſter road, at the ſign of Admiral Warren, 23 miles from Philadelphia, with 240 acres of land, 25 acres of which are meadow, watered by two conſtant ſtreams, and more to be made from a never failing ſpring. There are on the premiſes a good convenient ſtone houſe, a large ſtone barn lately built, with the beſt conveniencies for ſtabling on ſaid road, good ſheds and other offices. It is ſituated in the Great Valley, where the land is eſteemed of the beſt quality, and conſtantly to be improved by lime-ſtone, with which it abounds. It lays very convenient, and the ſituation healthy and pleaſant for the gentleman farmer, who might chuſe to divide the farm or ſeparate it from the tavern. Credit will be given for the greateſt part of the purchaſe monies. For particulars, enquire of JOHN LARDNER, in Third-ſtreet.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 18th day of November next enſuing, at the late dwelling-houſe of Abraham Luken, in Towamenſing townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, deceaſed.

THE ſaid Deceaſed's plantation, containing 200 acres of land and allowance, about one half thereof cleared, the other part well timbered, near 20 acres of meadow are made, and more may be made; there is on ſaid place a good two ſtory ſtone houſe and ſtone kitchen, a good frame barn and ſtabling, a good laſting ſpring of water near ſaid houſe, a good bearing orchard, the whole being in good repair; the title indiſputable.----- There will likewiſe be ſold 15 acres of land, adjoining the above, all within fence. Likewiſe will be ſold at the ſame time, 230 acres of land and allowance, ſituate in Cumberland county, near the river Juniata. The whole will be ſold by order of the ſaid Deceaſed's laſt will and teſtament. The conditions thereof will be made known at the day aboveſaid, by ELIZABETH LUKEN, JOHN LUKEN, MATTHIAS LUKEN, Execut. ¶

To be ſold by public Vendue, on the 7th day of November next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, pleaſantly ſituated in the Great-Valley, about 20 miles from Philadelphia, in the townſhip of Tredyffrin, and county of Chester, containing 200 acres, about 90 acres cleared, the remainder well timbered, 12 acres of pretty good meadow, and more may be made; the whole may be watered by ſeveral ſprings; on the premiſes are a good dwelling houſe, with 3 rooms on a floor, and cellar under, with an excellent ſpring of good water and ſpring-houſe near the door, a joyner's ſhop, barn, and ſtables, a good young bearing orchard, of 140 trees, of good fruit, and ſome of them grafted, with other fruit trees, and a good lime-kiln partly new, alſo a fine lime-ſtone quarry. There is likewiſe on ſaid plantation a ſmall tenement, with a good ſpring cloſe by, and a parcel of good bearing apple-trees. The ſaid premiſes are handy to mills and places of worſhip. For terms of ſale, apply to the owners, who will give an indiſputable title, and poſſeſſion next ſpring.

¶ DAVID and SAMUEL JOHN.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Weſt-Nottingham townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 150 acres, or thereabouts; there are on the premiſes a ſtone dwelling-houſe, a good merchant mill, almoſt new, built of ſtone in the beſt manner, with one pair of very good burrs, one Cologne, and one country ſtone; adjoining the griſt mill a new well built ſaw mill, and a well ſecured ſtone dam; a convenient ſtone ſpring-houſe, ſtables, hay-houſe, and about 25 acres of good meadow cleared; the whole well watered, and more may be made, and the fences all in good repair. Whoever inclines to purchaſe, by applying to ROBERT CORNTHWAIT, living on the premiſes, may view the whole, and know the terms; or to JOHN BROWN, Merchant, Philadelphia. ¶

To be SOLD by PRIVATE SALE,

THAT noted and well-accuſtomed TAVERN in Swedeſborough, near the main landing on Raccoon-creek, in the county of Glouceſter, on the road leading from Philadelphia to Salem, with two acres of land, a good two ſtory ſtone houſe, three rooms on a floor, with a good cedar log houſe adjoining a cellar under it, a pump of good water near the door, good ſtables and ſheds, with other out-houſes, and a good paled garden: It is very convenient to get hay in the ſummer. Immediate poſſeſſion will be given to the purchaſer. The terms of ſale may be known, by applying to JOHN RAMBO, on the premiſes. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable PLANTATION, ſituate in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter, about a mile from the ſign of the Waggon, and oppoſite the 42 mile ſtone from Philadelphia, containing 123 acres of land, with good allowance, 100 of which is under the quitrent of a ſmall part of a red roſe, 60 or 70 acres cleared, ſome meadow part made, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made and well watered, the remainder exceeding well timbered. There are on the premiſes two dwelling-houſes, a good barn, ſtable, a ſpring-houſe over a ſpring of excellent water, and a good bearing orchard of 100 apple-trees, grafted. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcribers, on the premiſes, JOHN and JOB SINKLER. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt New-Jerſey, a ſervant lad, named *Philip Sobſt*, about 15 years of age, a luſty ſurly looking boy, freckled, and pitted with the ſmall-pox; had on a lightiſh coloured coat, which has been turned, ſtriped jacket, new ſheepſkin breeches, new homeſpun ſhirt, not whitened. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, or workhouſe, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

October 16, 1776. CALEB NEWBOLD.

☞ All perſons are forbid to entertain or conceal him at their peril. It is ſuppoſed he was enticed away by his mother and ſiſter, who live in Philadelphia. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

TWO thouſand weight of ſalt butter, in kegs; 120l. worth of calimancoes and ſingle damaſks, of all colours; 70l. worth of cotton velverets, different colours; camblets; ſeveral pieces of worſted ſtuff for gowns; about 40l. worth of different calicoes; 3 dozen womens worſted ſtockings; Wiltons; lawns; plain and flowered kenting handkerchiefs; 3 dozen mens wool hats; ſheet iron, and a middling aſſortment of other ſhop goods, by the ſubſcriber, ſhop keeper, living on the Croſs-roads, about half way on the great road between the town of Reading and Bethlehem, in Maxatawny townſhip, in Berks county.

Tenth-Month 21, 1776. ‖ WILLIAM GREEN.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Hardiſton, Suſſex county, in New-Jerſey, on the night of the 28th of September laſt, a dark bay horſe (with ſaddle and bridle) near 14 hands high, branded on the near fore ſhoulder D, has a bald face, and 3 white feet, is 7 years old. Suppoſed to be ſtolen by a certain perſon who called his name John Cooper, *but it is very probable that he will change his name, as he has ſince called it* John Huſtman; *had on, when he went away, a check woollen ſhirt, over a white linen ſhirt, and a double breaſted under jacket; he ſtole a blue and white mixed coloured coat, but it is likely that he will change his clothes; he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a dark complexion, and black hair, a middling well built fellow, has a down look, and has had the ſmall-pox, has a ſcar above his left eye, he is of a Dutch deſcent, and can ſpeak both Dutch and Engliſh. Whoever takes up ſaid thief and horſe, and ſecures them, ſo that the owner may have his horſe, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, or Ten Dollars for the horſe only, and all reaſonable charges, paid by* § PETER MARTIN.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on Friday, the 4th inſt, a young Negroe woman, named BET, *of middling ſtature, thick, fat, and likely; her ears bored for rings; had on a black alamode bonnet with lace, an old blue ſhaloon jacket and petticoat, white linen ſhift, handkerchief and apron, pale blue worſted ſtockings, with red clocks, high-heeled black leather ſhoes, and ſilver buckles; took with her an half-worn ſcarlet cloak, new purple and yellow checked ſtuff jacket and petticoat, white linen ditto, blue and white ſtamped linen ditto, cambrick apron, red and white calicoe ſhort gown, and black bombazeen quilted petticoat. I have been informed that a Negroe woman, anſwering her deſcription, was ſeen at Brunſwick in Jerſey, with ſome ſoldiers, but to this I do not give entire credit. Any perſon delivering the ſaid Negroe woman to MICHAEL CLARK, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, to any of the Maryland officers at camp, or to the ſubſcriber in Charles county, Maryland, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges.* THOMAS STONE.

Philadelphia, October 16, 1776. ‖ 5 w.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in Darby townſhip, Cheſter county, the 14th of October inſtant, an indented ſervant lad, named *John Caddils*, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, much marked with the ſmall-pox, brown hair, tied; he has worked about a year at the ſcythe-making buſineſs; had on, and took with him, a claret coloured cloth coat, a ſtriped cotton jacket, red flannel under ditto, double breaſted; corderoy breeches, buckſkin ditto, almoſt new, ſtriped cotton trowſers, one fine white ſhirt, and two coarſe ſhirts; a new beaver hat, and an old felt ditto; one pair of blue and white worſted ſtockings, one pair of white thread and two pair of old yarn ditto, two pair of ſhoes almoſt new. It is probable he may change his name and forge a paſs, as he can write a good hand. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſters may get him again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by GARRET and MATTHEWS.

*** *All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off.* ¶

CAME to the plantation of HENRY PAWLING, in Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, ſome time in May laſt, a young black BULL, with ſome white under his belly. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. ¶

CAME to the plantation occupied by the ſubſcriber, in Briſtol townſhip, Bucks county, near Neſhaminy Ferry, the firſt week in laſt July, a brindle COW, ſix years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. THOMAS GUY. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, at Perkiomen creek, New-Providence townſhip, a black STALLION, about 14 hands high, and about 7 or 8 years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. *October* 5, 1776. JACOB KLINE. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, the 10th of Auguſt laſt, a yearling HEIFER, ſpotted black and white. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSEPH HUNT, ſenior. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the kitchen of the ſubſcriber, in Horſham townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the night of the tenth of October inſtant, a blue and white Coverlid, two Sheets made of tow linen, one ſomewhat larger than the other; the pattern for a ſhirt, of flaxen linen; 3 ſtriped lincey petticoats; 3 pewter diſhes and 9 plates, all London pewter, and marked ſlightly with the letters R C, on the back of them; a pewter mug; a pewter porringer and 16 ſpoons, the greateſt part of the ſpoons marked T. C. on the handles; a copper tea-kettle; 6 caſe-knives and 6 forks, with ſeveral other articles. Whoever ſecures the aboveſaid goods, ſo that the owner may have them again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges; *Four Dollars* for the goods only, or in proportion for any part thereof.

¶ WILLIAM M'CLEAN.

STOP THIEF!

STRAYED or STOLEN, but ſuppoſed the latter, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, in Kennet, Cheſter county, on Sixth-day evening laſt, a dark brown or bay MARE, *three years old this ſeaſon, her hind feet white, trots and paces tolerably well; the perſon who ſecures the mare, ſo that the ſubſcriber gets her again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward; and for the mare and thief, if ſtolen, Three Pounds, with reaſonable charges for his being delivered to the keeper of Cheſter county goal, paid by*

October 7, 1776. § JOSEPH WALTER, *jun.*

The CONSTITUTION *of the* COMMONWEALTH *of* PENNSYLVANIA, *as eſtabliſhed by the* GENERAL CONVENTION, *elected for that purpoſe, and held at* Philadelphia, *July* 15, 1776, *and continued by adjournments to September* 28, 1776.

[*Continued from our laſt.*]

Sect. 19. FOR the preſent the ſupreme executive council of this State ſhall conſiſt of twelve perſons, choſen in the following manner: The freemen of the city of Philadelphia, and of the counties of Philadelphia, Cheſter and Bucks reſpectively, ſhall chooſe by ballot one perſon for the city and one for each county aforeſaid, to ſerve for three years and no longer, at the time and place for electing Repreſentatives in General Aſſembly. The freemen of the counties of Lancaſter, York, Cumberland and Berks ſhall in like manner elect one perſon for each county reſpectively, to ſerve as Counſellors for two years and no longer. And the counties of Northampton, Bedford, Northumberland and Weſtmoreland reſpectively, ſhall in like manner elect one perſon for each county, to ſerve as Counſellors for one year and no longer. And at the expiration of the time for which each counſellor was choſen to ſerve, the freemen of the city of Philadelphia and of the ſeveral counties in this State reſpectively ſhall elect one perſon to ſerve as Counſellor for three years and no longer; and ſo on every third year forever. By this mode of election and continual rotation, more men will be trained to public buſineſs, there will in every ſubſequent year be found in the council a number of perſons acquainted with the proceedings of the foregoing years, whereby the buſineſs will be more conſiſtently conducted, and moreover the danger of eſtabliſhing an inconvenient ariſtocracy will be effectually prevented. All vacancies in the council that may happen by death, reſignation, or otherwiſe, ſhall be filled at the next general election for Repreſentatives in General Aſſembly, unleſs a particular election for that purpoſe ſhall be ſooner appointed by the Preſident and Council. No member of the General Aſſembly, or Delegate in Congreſs, ſhall be choſen a member of the Council. The Preſident and Vice-Preſident ſhall be choſen annually by the joint ballot of the General Aſſembly and Council, of the members of the Council. Any perſon having ſerved as a Counſellor for three ſucceſſive years, ſhall be incapable of holding that office for four years afterwards. Every member of the Council ſhall be a Juſtice of the Peace for the whole Commonwealth by virtue of his office.

In caſe new additional counties ſhall hereafter be erected in this State, ſuch county or counties ſhall elect a Counſellor, and ſuch county or counties ſhall be annexed to the next neighbouring counties, and ſhall take rotation with ſuch counties.

The Council ſhall meet annually, at the ſame time and place with the General Aſſembly.

The Treaſurer of the State, Truſtees of the Loan-Office, Naval Officers, Collectors of Cuſtoms or Exciſe, Judge of the Admiralty, Attornies-General, Sheriffs, and Prothonotaries, ſhall not be capable of a ſeat in the General Aſſembly, Executive Council, or Continental Congreſs.

Sect. 20. The Preſident, and in his abſence the Vice-Preſident, with the Council, five of whom ſhall be a quorum, ſhall have power to appoint and commiſſionate Judges, Naval Officers, Judge of the Admiralty, Attorney-General and all other officers, civil and military, except ſuch as are choſen by the General Aſſembly, or the people, agreeable to this frame of government and the laws that may be made hereafter; and ſhall ſupply every vacancy in any office occaſioned by death, reſignation, removal or diſqualification, until the office can be filled in the time and manner directed by law or this conſtitution. They are to correſpond with other States, and tranſact buſineſs with the officers of government civil and military, and to prepare ſuch buſineſs as may appear to them neceſſary to lay before the General Aſſembly. They ſhall ſit as judges to hear and determine on impeachments, taking to their aſſiſtance, for advice only, the juſtices of the ſupreme court; and ſhall have power to grant pardons and remit fines in all caſes whatſoever, except in caſes of impeachment; and in caſes of treaſon and murder, ſhall have power to grant reprieves, but not to pardon, until the end of the next ſeſſions of aſſembly. But there ſhall be no remiſſion or mitigation of puniſhment on impeachments, except by act of the legiſlature. They are alſo to take care that the laws be faithfully executed; they are to expedite the execution of ſuch meaſures as may be reſolved upon by the General Aſſembly; and they may draw upon the treaſury for ſuch ſums as ſhall be appropriated by the Houſe: They may alſo lay embargoes, or prohibit the exportation of any commodity, for any time not exceeding thirty days, in the recеſs of the houſe only: They may grant ſuch licences as ſhall be directed by law, and ſhall have power to call together the General Aſſembly when neceſſary, before the day to which they ſhall ſtand adjourned. The Preſident ſhall be commander in chief of the forces of the State, but ſhall not command in perſon, except adviſed thereto by the Council, and then only ſo long as they ſhall approve thereof. The Preſident and Council ſhall have a Secretary, and keep fair books of their proceedings, wherein any Counſellor may enter his diſſent, with his reaſons in ſupport of it.

Sect. 21. All commiſſions ſhall be in the name, and by the authority of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, ſealed with the State Seal, ſigned by the Preſident or Vice-Preſident, and atteſted by the Secretary; which Seal ſhall be kept by the Council.

Sect. 22. Every officer of State, whether judicial or executive, ſhall be liable to be impeached by the General Aſſembly, either when in office, or after his reſignation, or removal for mal-adminiſtration: All impeachments

[*For the Remainder ſee the Fourth Page.*]

The following Advices are taken from an Engliſh Paper of July 29, found on board one of the Prizes lately taken at the Eaſtward, viz.

MADRID, JUNE 30.

THE Court received laſt week two couriers at Aranjuez, one from Liſbon, and the other from Corunna. Although nothing has been publiſhed of the contents of their diſpatches, yet we are aſſured that they bring a relation of the hoſtilities committed by the Portugueſe in the river Plata, where they have beſieged and taken three different forts, and made the garriſon priſoners of war. It is very certain, that the court ſent, immediately after the arrival of the ſaid couriers, two expreſſes, one to France, the other to England, and that ſeveral regiments have received orders to deſile, without delay, towards the frontiers of the kingdom of Portugal.

LONDON, July 23.

The laſt diſpatches from Gen. Howe contained preſſing demands for regular ſupplies of proviſions from England or Ireland.

The troops that will ſerve in America this campaign will be divided as follows:

Under General Howe, 34,614. Gen. Carlton, 13,377. General Clinton, 3,397. Total of the King's troops to act in America this campaign, 51,388.

Extract of a letter from Hamburgh.

"Letters from Hanover adviſe, that the King of Great Britain has given orders to remount the artillery not only at Hanover but at Stade, Hamelen, Hardeburgh, Nienburgh, and other ſtrong places, to make new baggage waggons, copper pontoons, and alſo to take throughout the Electorate an exact liſt of all the young men able to bear arms."

The Earl of Rochford, we are informed, is making great preparations for embarking for Ireland, his appointment, as Viceroy of that kingdom, being determined upon in Council.

A letter from Cadiz, dated July 8, ſays, "An advice boat is juſt arrived here from South America, which has brought ſome very particular, and, it is ſaid, very diſagreeable news. An expreſs is gone up with it to Madrid. I have juſt now heard that there has been an engagement, and that the Portugueſe have killed and taken above one thouſand of our troops, and deſtroyed ſome towns and villages."

July 25. It is poſitively aſſerted that the tranſport ſervice, extraordinaries of the army, and contingent expence attending the American campaign, will amount, in the courſe of the year 1776, to five millions and a half, which is more than they amounted to in any one of Mr. Pitt's moſt ſucceſsful campaigns, when there were above 318,000 effective Engliſhmen in Britiſh pay, beſides above 100,000 foreigners, including thoſe paid and cloathed by the Pruſſian ſubſidy; and when we had fleets and armies in every quarter of the globe, gaining victories and making conqueſts that will for ever immortalize the fame and glory of Great-Britain.

July 27. Capt. Williamſon, of the Francis, who is arrived in town from Antigua, brings us the following accounts, viz. That a few days after they were on this ſide of the Bermuda iſlands, the following ſhips were taken by the Revenge and Montgomery, two ſmall American privateers, viz. The brig Henry, Blyth, from Barbados to Halifax, taken the 28th of May, laden with rum; the Rover, Hunter, from Antigua to Dublin, taken the 13th of June, laden with ditto: the Iſabella, Kirk, from ditto for ditto, taken the 13th of June, loaded with ditto; the Harlequin, Goodwin, from Nevis to ditto, taken the 2d of July, loaded with ſugar and rum; the Devonſhire, Fiſher, from Antigua to ditto, taken the 1ſt of July, loaded with rum; the Polly, Leat, from ditto to London, taken the 2d of July, loaded with ſugar and rum, in lat. 34:55, long. 53:36. They are valued all together at three hundred thouſand pounds.

Capt. Stephenſon, of the Lady Juliana, arrived in town yeſterday, and gives us the following account of the capture of his ſhip, from Jamaica to London, in company with the Reynolds, Capt. Ruſden, from ditto for ditto, and the Juno, Capt. Marſden, from ditto for Briſtol. "On the ninth and twelfth of May laſt, they were attacked by two American privateers, ———Capt. Henry, mounting ſix three pounders and ten ſwivels, on the ninth of May; and Lady Juliana, Stephenſon, and Juno Marſden, were taken by the Chance, Capt. Adams, who mounted four ſix pounders and ten ſwivels, the twelfth; that the Provincials put the Captains and paſſengers on board a Spaniſh veſſel that was leaky, to carry them into Providence, where the Captains purchaſed a veſſel, called the Baltimore, which is ſince arrived at Plymouth.

The certain advice received yeſterday of nine ſail of ſhips being taken by the American privateers, has raiſed the inſurance on all Jamaica ſhips, and ſhips from the Weſt-India iſlands 20l. per cent. more than it was before; and many of the underwriters even refuſe to enter their names on a policy; for they look upon it as a hazardous venture, as there are a vaſt number of privateers out to intercept our homeward bound Weſt-India ſhips.

Forty per cent. inſurance was offered on Wedneſday, and 50 per cent. inſured laſt Thurſday, on ſome ſhips expected from Jamaica. It is ſaid privateers will, in conſequence of the above intelligence, be fitted out here immediately.

WHITEHALL, July 27. The following letter from General Sir Guy Carlton, to Lord George Germaine, was this day received by Capt. Le Maitre, who arrived expreſs from Montreal.

"MY LORD, *Montreal, June* 20, 1776.

"In a former letter I informed your Lordſhip that the troops were ordered to aſſemble at Three Rivers; they all puſhed forward with great expedition, as faſt as they arrived off Quebec, by land or water, as beſt anſwered that end. The eighth inſtant the rebels attempted a very bold enterpriſe indeed; they croſſed over from Sorrel in fifty boats, better than two thouſand men, landed at the Point du Lai before day-light, and marched to attack the troops at Three Rivers, diſregarding the ſloop Martin, ſome armed veſſels and tranſports full of troops, that were at anchor three miles above the town, otherwiſe than to keep out of reach of their cannon. They made ſome attempt to force the ſixty-ſecond regiment; but whether they found Brigadier General Fraſer, who commanded at Three Rivers, too ſtrong and too well poſted, or that they were alarmed by Brigadier General Neſbit, who landed the troops from the tranſports behind them, 'tis certain they ſoon gave up offenſive meaſures, and retreated with all ſpeed up the river, keeping in the woods. The Brigadiers Neſbit and Fraſer puſhed up likewiſe, but kept by the water ſide, in hopes of getting their boats and cutting off their retreat; the firſt as far as Machiche, the latter to the Point du Lai. The ſloop Martin and armed veſſels ſailed as high as the River du Loup, and took two boats, but the reſt were gone too far, as was their troops.

"I know not the number killed and wounded of the rebels; about two hundred ſurrendered or were taken priſoners, among thoſe was their chief, Mr. Thompſon, whom I think they call Major-General, and a Mr. Erwin, who was ſecond on this expedition, and ſome others. The killed and wounded of the King's troops amounted to 12 or 13 ſoldiers only.

"The next day the troops were ordered to their former ſtations; all who had tranſports up reimbarked. Brigadier-General Fraſer was ordered to march along the North Shore with the troops, whoſe tranſports had not been able to get up, and meaſures were taken to march a body of troops alſo by the South Shore, had the wind continued favourable; for it ſeemed of great importance in this unhappy war, that the rebels ſhould be driven from the upper part of the province as ſoon as poſſible. The wind ſpringing up fair, the fleet ſailed, and arrived off Sorrel the evening of the 14th inſt. the laſt of the rebels had retreated from thence ſome hours before. The grenadiers and light infantry of the troops in this diviſion immediately landed, ſupported by Brigadier-General Neſbit and part of his brigade. The next morning more troops were ſent on ſhore, and the command of this column given to Lieutenant General Burgoyne, with inſtructions to purſue the rebels up the river Sorrel to St. John's, but without hazarding any thing till the column on his right ſhould co-operate with him. As ſoon as the regulations for the different tranſports could be made out, the remainder of the fleet ſailed for Longuiel, four leagues from Chamblee (Chamblee is fifteen leagues from Sorrel, by the river of that name) and had not the wind failed, this column might have arrived at Longuiel the ſame night, and about the ſame time with Mr. Arnold, and the remainder of the rebels, retiring from Montreal. The next day the troops landed, and marched by La Prairie towards St. John's. The advanced guard was ſupported by all the Engliſh remaining after the diſpoſitions already mentioned, under the command of Major-General Philips, and this diviſion followed by two regiments of the Brunſwick troops, and that of Hanau, commanded by Major-General Ricdeſel.

"The advanced guard arrived the morning of the 19th inſt. near to St. John's, when they learned that the head of Lieut. General Burgoyne's column had taken poſſeſſion of the redoubts the night before; they found all the buildings in flames, all the craft and large boats the rebels could not drag up the Rapids of Chamblee, with ſome proviſions, were alſo burned. I hear twenty-two pieces of cannon are left behind, hid in the woods; ſeveral other marks appear of great precipitation and fright; on this occaſion I think they had no ſmall cauſe. All his Majeſty's national and foreign troops ſhewed a great zeal and eagerneſs to overtake the rebels; and I doubt not but they would have given every proof of fidelity and valour, had the enemy delayed their retreat a little longer.—The corps of artillery ſhewed great diligence likewiſe on the occaſion; there were brigades which marched with both columns.—Brigadier Fraſer's corps croſſed from the north, and fell into the rear of the two columns on the ſouth ſide; they were alſo joined by numbers of Canadians, and that on the right by many Indians.

"Capt. Le Maitre will have the honour to preſent to your Lordſhip theſe diſpatches. He is an intelligent officer, and well qualified to give any farther information of the tranſactions in this province. I ſhall take the liberty to recommend him to your Lordſhip as an officer of merit. I am, &c. GUY CARLTON."

NEWPORT, *October* 11.

Laſt Monday the continental ſloop Providence, Capt. Jones, arrived at a ſafe port, having, in a cruiſe of ſix weeks, captured 16 ſail of veſſels, 6 of which he burnt; among the others is one ſhip with 3000 quintals of codfiſh, ſome ſmaller fiſhermen, and two Weſt-Indiamen.

PHILADELPHIA, October 23.

INTELLIGENCE received in CONGRESS, October 21ſt, from the Middle and Northern Departments.

In the night of the 15th inſtant General Mercer paſſed over to Staten-Iſland with part of the troops poſted at Perth-Amboy, and advanced within a few miles of Richmond town, having been informed that a company of Britiſh troops, one of Heſſians, and one of Skinner's militia lay there—Colonel Griffin was detached with Colonel Patterſon's battalion, and Major Clarke at the head of ſome rifle-men, to fall in upon the eaſt end of the town, while the remainder of the troops encloſed it on the other quarters; both diviſions reached the town by break of day, but not before the enemy were alarmed; moſt of them fled after exchanging a few ſhot with Col. Griffin's detachment. Two ſoldiers of the enemy were mortally wounded, and ſeventeen taken priſoners; with the loſs only of two ſoldiers killed on our ſide. Col. Griffin received a wound in the foot from a muſket ball, and Lieut. Col Smith was ſlightly wounded in the arm. Amongſt the priſoners taken in this action are eight Heſſians. Our troops brought off from Staten-Iſland 45 muſkets, a number of bayonets, cutlaſſes, &c. and one ſtandard of the Britiſh light horſe.

It has been determined in a Council of War at Head Quarters, to remove the army from the Heights of Haerlem towards Eaſt and Weſt Cheſter, in order to outflank the enemy, and diſappoint their intentions.

On Friday the 18th inſtant one of the enemy's advanced parties near Eaſt Cheſter fell in with part of Col. Glover's brigade, when a ſmart and cloſe engagement enſued; in which our men behaved with great coolneſs and intrepidity, and drove the enemy back to their main body.

That on the 11th inſtant, at 8 o'clock in the morning, the enemy's fleet on Lake Champlain, conſiſting of one ſhip mounting 16 guns, one ſnow mounting the ſame number, one ſchooner of 14 guns, two of twelve, two ſloops, a bomb ketch, and a large veſſel, (her force unknown) with fifteen or twenty flat bottomed boats or gondolas, carrying one 12 or 18 pounder in their bows, appeared off Cumberland Head: General Arnold with his forces immediately prepared to receive them—At 11 o'clock the attack began, at half paſt 12 the engagement became general and very warm; ſome of the enemy's ſhips and all their gondolas beat up and rowed within muſket ſhot of our fleet. They continued a very hot fire with round and grape ſhot till 5 o'clock, when they thought proper to retire about ſix or ſeven hundred yards diſtance, and continued there until dark. Gen. Arnold and his troops conducted themſelves during this action with great firmneſs and intrepidity, and made a better reſiſtance than could have been expected againſt a force ſo greatly ſuperior—the whole of our killed and wounded amounted to about 60. The Philadelphia gondola and a ſchooner were loſt in the engagement, but all the men were ſaved. The enemy landed a large number of Indians on Schuyler's Iſland and on each ſhore, who kept up an inceſſant fire, but did little damage. The enemy had to appearance upwards of 1000 men in batteaus prepared for boarding.

The enemy's force being ſo greatly ſuperior, it was determined in Council to remove to Crown Point, in order to refit and collect our force. At 2 o'clock, P. M. the 12th, our fleet weighed anchor, with a freſh breeze to the ſouthward: The enemy's fleet at the ſame time got under way: Our gondalas made very little way ahead.—In the evening the wind moderated, and we made ſuch progreſs, that at ſix o'clock next morning we were about 28 miles from Crown Point. The enemy's fleet was very little above Schuyler's Iſland, the wind breezed up to the ſouthward, ſo that we gained very little by beating or rowing; at the ſame time the enemy took a freſh breeze from the N. E. and, by the time we had reached Split Rock, were along ſide of us. The Waſhington and the Congreſs were in the rear, the reſt of our fleet were ahead, except two gondolas ſunk at Schuyler's Iſland:—The Waſhington galley was in ſuch a ſhattered condition, and had ſo many men killed and wounded, that ſhe ſtruck to the enemy after receiving a few broadſides. The Congreſs was then attacked by a ſhip mounting 12 eighteen pounders, a ſchooner of 14 ſixes, and one of 12 ſixes; two under her ſtern and one on her broadſide, within muſket-ſhot: The enemy kept up an inceſſant fire about five glaſſes with round and grape ſhot, which was returned as briſkly. The ſails, rigging and hull of the Congreſs were ſhattered and torn in pieces; when, to prevent her falling into the enemy's hands, Gen. Arnold, who was on board, ran her aſhore in a ſmall creek ten miles from Crown Point, where after taking out her ſmall arms ſhe was ſet on fire, with 4 other gondolas; with whoſe crews the General reached Crown Point that evening, luckily eſcaping the ſavages, who way-laid the road in two hours after he had paſſed it.—Of our whole fleet we have ſaved two gallies, two ſchooners, one gondola, and one ſloop.

Gen. Arnold behaved with ſuch intrepidity, that he covered the retreat of the few veſſels we ſaved at the expence of one third of his crew—Our commanders and men behaved moſt gallantly; ſome veſſels having loſt all their officers, fought notwithſtanding, and refuſed to yield but with their lives. The enemy acknowledge our bravery, and confeſs their loſs of men equal to ours.

Our troops are now buſily employed in compleating the lines, redoubts, &c. at Crown Point, expecting the enemy to attack them with their fleet and army. But as the ſeaſon is now far advanced, and our men are daily growing in health, they have the moſt flattering expectations of maintaining their poſt againſt any force the enemy can bring.

N. B. Two of the enemy's gondolas were ſunk the firſt day by our fleet, and one blown up with 60 men.

Monday laſt arrived here the prize brig Sherburne, Jonathan Bunnell, late maſter, taken by the Hancock privateer, Captain Newman, of this port. We hear her cargoe conſiſts of 580 barrels of oil.

The Britiſh and Heſſian troops, lately taken on Staten-Iſland, were brought to town under guard laſt Monday.

A ſchooner, Captain Wilſon, bound from Boſton for Bourdeaux, was taken about five days after ſhe ſailed, by the Perſeus man of war, of 20 guns, lately arrived from England; after taking out the maſter and mate, they put two midſhipmen and four ſailors on board, to navigate her to New-York, but ſhe ran aſhore laſt week near Sandy-Hook, and was taken poſſeſſion of by our troops, who ſaved the cargoe, and it is thought the veſſel may be got off. The midſhipmen and ſailors were made priſoners, and arrived here laſt Monday night.

At a Meeting of a large and reſpectable Number of the Citizens of Philadelphia in the State-houſe Yard, on Monday and Tueſday, the 21ſt and 22d Days of October inſtant, (Colonel JOHN BAYARD *in the Chair) the following* RESOLUTIONS *were agreed to by a great Majority, and affectionately recommended to their Fellow-citizens, in every Part of the State of Pennſylvania.*

Reſolved,

1. THAT the late Convention was called for the expreſs purpoſe of forming a new government in this State, on the authority of the people only, with power alſo to appoint Delegates in Congreſs, and a Council of Safety.

2. That the ſaid Convention aſſumed and exerciſed powers with which they were not entruſted by the people.

3. That in the Conſtitution formed by the ſaid Convention, the CHRISTIAN religion is not treated with proper reſpect.

4. That the ſaid Conſtitution *unneceſſarily* deviates from all reſemblance to the former government of this State, to which the people have been *accuſtomed*.

5. That it is the ſenſe of this meeting, that the people did not deſire ſuch *ſtrange innovations*, but only that the kingly, parliamentary, and proprietary powers ſhould be totally aboliſhed, and ſuch alterations made as would thereby be rendered neceſſary, ſo that a well formed government might be eſtabliſhed ſolely on the authority of the people.

6. That the ſaid Conſtitution differs not only unneceſſarily from that to which the people have been accuſtomed, but *in many important articles* from EVERY Government that has lately been eſtabliſhed in *America* on the authority of the people—from the ſentiments of the Honourable the Continental Congreſs reſpecting government—and from thoſe of the moſt diſtinguiſhed authors, who have deliberately conſidered that ſubject. *

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* The ſaid Conſtitution differs from others lately formed, in theſe particulars: 1ſt. It eſtabliſhes only a *ſingle* legiſlative body. 2dly. It renders the *judicial* dependant on that *ſingle* legiſlative body, who may remove any judge from his office, *without trial*, for any thing they pleaſe to call "miſbehaviour." 3dly. It renders the *executive* dependent on that *ſingle* legiſlative body; by whom alone the *executive* officers are to be paid for their ſervices,—and by whom, from the great diſproportion between the numbers of the Aſſembly and Council, the Preſident and Vice-Preſident muſt always be annually choſen,—beſides, that every officer, *executive* or *judicial*, may be impeached *by the Aſſembly*, before *ſix* of the Council *thus dependent on the Aſſembly*, and be tried and condemned. 4thly. It erects no *Court of Appeals*, more neceſſary here than in ſome other States, as our Supreme Court may try cauſes in the firſt inſtance, and finally determine them, ſo that there is no mode ſettled for correcting their errors.

The ſaid Conſtitution differs from the ſentiments of the Hon. Congreſs, in rendering *every Judge* in the State entirely dependent on the *ſingle* legiſlative body.—For in the firſt petition to the King of *Great-Britain*, the Congreſs, in enumerating "*grievances*," ſay, "The Judges of Courts of Common Law have been made entirely dependent on *one* part of the legiſlature for their ſalaries, as well as the duration of their commiſſions." Again, the ſaid Conſtitution differs from the ſentiments of the Hon. Congreſs, in not having "*ſeparated* and *diſtributed* powers into *different* hands, for *checks upon one another*;" for in their addreſs to the inhabitants of *Canada*, mentioning

7. That several regulations essential to the welfare of the community are omitted in the said constitution. †

8. That several regulations, improper to be taken notice of therein, are mentioned in the said Constitution. ‡

9. That the said Constitution is confused, inconsistent, and dangerous. ‖

10. That the said Constitution ought to be altered and amended.

11. That no mode is settled by the said Constitution for altering or amending the same, but that of a Convention to meet *more than seven years hence*, IF a Council of Censors shall be chosen in the year 1783, and IF *two thirds* of that Council shall agree to call such a Convention to meet within *two* years afterwards.

12. That the late Convention, on the *fifth* day of *September* last in the afternoon, as appears from the minutes of their proceedings, ordered *four hundred* copies of the proposed plan of Government to be printed and published "FOR CONSIDERATION;" and on the *sixteenth* day of the *same* month, proceeded on the *confirmation* thereof, making only immaterial alterations.

13. That therefore the late Convention did not allow time to the people of this State to take into their consideration the proposed frame of Government.

14. That the late Convention did not know, that the said frame of Government would be agreeable to the people.

15. That therefore the conduct of the late Convention, in establishing the Constitution aforesaid *absolutely for more than seven years*, and not settling some mode for making alterations and amendments within that period, if they should be judged expedient, without overturning the government, was a high violation of the Rights of the Freemen of this State.

16. That the conduct of the late Convention, in prescribing oaths and affirmations to be taken for the support of a constitution unprecedented on this continent, not to be altered or amended for more than seven years, however exceptionable or dangerous it might prove, and which the people have had no experience of, nor have been allowed time to take into their consideration, was a high violation of the rights of the freemen of this State.

17. That it is the sense of this Meeting, that the people are generally and greatly dissatisfied with the said Constitution.

18. That it is the sense of this Meeting, that the late increase of the number and insolence of tories and persons disaffected to the Independence of this State, and the feebleness of its public measures, are greatly owing to that general dissatisfaction.

19. That more dangerous consequences may be expected, unless the unhappy causes of such dissatisfaction can be removed, by procuring proper alterations and amendments to be made in the said Constitution.

20. That such alterations and amendments are immediately and absolutely necessary for promoting the happiness of *Pennsylvania*, and advancing the welfare of our great *American* cause, and cannot with safety to the public be deferred.

21. That for the attainment of these salutary purposes, the freemen of the several counties in this State be instantly and most cordially invited to accede to the foregoing resolutions, and to agree to and concur in executing the following.

22. That at the election to be held on the *fifth* day of *November* next, the electors ought not to take the oath or affirmation required by the ordinance of the late Convention, dated on the *twenty-sixth* day of *September* instant.

23. That the inspectors and judges of the said election ought not to take the oath or affirmation recited in the ordinance aforesaid.

24. That every inspector and judge ought to take the oath or affirmation prescribed by an act of Assembly of the late government of *Pennsylvania*, made in the year of our Lord 1766, and intituled "an Act directing the choice of Inspectors, and for holding the general elections in this province."

25. That the members of Assembly to be chosen at the said election ought not to take the oath or affirmation, or to make or subscribe the declaration, mentioned in the tenth section of the frame of government formed by the late Convention.

26. That when two thirds of the members elected have met and chosen their Speaker, before they proceed to business, each member ought to make and subscribe the following declaration:— "*I* (mentioning his name) *profess faith in* GOD *the Father, and in* JESUS CHRIST *his Eternal Son, and in the* HOLY SPIRIT, *One* GOD *blessed for evermore: And I do acknowledge the* HOLY SCRIPTURES *of the Old and New Testaments to be given by Divine Inspiration.*"—And to take this oath or affirmation: "*I, as a member of this Assembly, will not propose or assent to any act, vote or resolution, which shall appear to me injurious to the people; nor do or consent to any act or thing that shall have a tendency to lessen or abridge their rights or privileges; but will in all things conduct myself as a faithful and honest Representative and guardian of the people, according to the best of my judgment and abilities. I do renounce, refuse and abjure any allegiance or obedience to George the third, King of Great-Britain, his heirs or successors, or any in authority under him or them; and I will not, directly or indirectly, do any act or thing prejudicial or injurious to the State of Pennsylvania.*"

27. That the said Assembly ought to have full powers to make such alterations and amendments in the Constitution aforesaid, as the said Assembly shall judge to be proper.

28. That the said Assembly ought also to have power to enact such ordinances as the emergencies of public affairs may indispensably require.

29. That after making such alterations and amendments, and enacting such ordinances, the said Assembly ought to publish the said alterations and amendments *for the consideration of the people*, and then, if they shall think proper, adjourn themselves for a convenient time, *in order to collect their sense* upon such alterations and amendments, vesting a power in the Speaker to call them together again before the time to which they shall adjourn, if it shall be necessary.

30. That the carrying on the said elections without the electors taking the oath or affirmation prescribed by the aforesaid ordinance of the twenty-sixth day of *September*, ought to be considered and observed by the members of Assembly chosen at such elections, as express instructions to them not to take the oath or affirmation, or to make or subscribe the declaration mentioned in the 10th section of the frame of government, to make such alterations and amendments in the Constitution formed by the late Convention, as the said Assembly shall judge to be proper—and to conform to the two next preceding resolutions.

31. That no Counsellors ought to be chosen at the election to be held on the fifth day of *November* next.

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government and the detestable frame established for that province by a late statute, they say, "The several powers being *separated* and *distributed* into *different* hands, for *checks one upon another*, is the *only* effectual mode *ever invented by the wit of men* to promote their *freedom* and *prosperity*." But here is no "*distribution* of power into *different* hands, that *one may check another*." On the contrary, the *executive* and *judicial* powers are made unduly dependent on a *single legislative* body, the Assembly: So that in truth the *legislative, executive* and *judicial* powers may be said to be *united* in *one* body, the Assembly, tho' there is a semblance, on a slight view, of their being separated. Indeed, the resemblance between the said Constitution and the artful, but destructive one established by the statute before-mentioned is so great, that the following words of the Congress suit the one as well as the other, only changing the word "*minister*" for the word "Assembly."—"Here is indeed an appearance of the several powers being *separated*, &c." as before. "But examine the specious devices and you will find it, to use an expression of HOLY WRIT," "*a whited sepulchre.*" The *legislative, executive* and *judicial* powers are *all* moved by the nods of a minister."

If any reasonable man could possibly entertain a doubt, concerning the meaning of the Congress in using the words before quoted, that meaning will be clearly explained by the several constitutions lately formed on this continent, with the advice and assistance of those very gentlemen in their respective States, who as members of Congress used the before quoted words, and must have known their own meaning.

How widely the said constitution differs from the sentiments of the most distinguished writers on the subject of government, will appear by the following quotations from two authors of so high a reputation among civilized nations, that it is needless to add any others.

The Baron de *Montesquieu*, "whose name" (the Congress declare) all *Europe* reveres, says—The *political liberty* of the subject is a *tranquility of mind*, arising from the opinions each person has of his *safety*. In order to have this liberty, it is requisite the government be so constituted, as one man need not be *afraid* of another. When the *legislative* and *executive* powers are *united* in the same person, or in the *same body* of Magistrates, *there can be no Liberty*; because apprehensions may arise, lest the *same* Monarch or *Senate* should *enact* tyrannical laws, to *execute* them in a tyrannical manner. Again, *there is no Liberty*, if the power of *judging* be not *separated* from the *legislative* and *executive* powers. "*There would be an end of every thing*, were the same men or the *same body*, whether of the Nobles, or *of the people*, to exercise those *three* powers, that of *enacting* laws, that of *executing* the public resolutions, and that of *judging* the crimes or differences of individuals." The learned Baron then proceeds with a long and much admired chapter on the *English* constitution, wherein he greatly commends its *distribution* of *legislative* power into *several* branches, &c. which cannot be inserted in the compass of these notes.

Mr. *Addison*, the strenuous and undaunted advocate for virtue, piety, liberty and just government, even in a corrupt age, (and tho' conversant in courts) says—"If there be *but one body* of *legislators* it is *no better* than a *tyranny*; if there are *only two*, there will want a casting voice, and one of them must at length be *swallowed* up by *disputes* and *contention*, that would necessarily arise between them. *Four* would have the same inconveniencies as *two*, and a *greater number* would cause too much confusion."

† 1st. Not establishing a *Court of Appeals*.—2dly. Not ascertaining the *number of Judges* in the *Common Pleas* and *Orphans Courts*,—whether the *same* persons are to be Judges in both Courts and in the sessions, *as usual heretofore*,—or whether the powers are to be *separated*,—if to be separated, *who* is to do it, as the power of a future legislature is by the 26th section of the frame expresly confined to "*other*" courts—if *not to be separated*, whether any other Judges are to be added to the *Justices of the Peace* chosen by the people—and *by whom* to be added—3dly. Not determining what qualifications as to property, shall enable a man to be chosen a member of Assembly, and thereby become one of the *sovereigns* of *Pennsylvania*—4thly. Not providing *what laws* shall be in force within this State, &c. &c. &c. &c.

‡ Relating to—1st. Insolvent Debtors—2dly. Fishing, fowling and hunting—3dly. Intails, &c. &c. &c.

The late Convention ordered, that "the future legislature of this State *shall* regulate intails in such a manner as to prevent perpetuities," when it is notorious that "intails were regulated in such a manner as to prevent perpetuities," *long before* the meeting of the late Convention.

‖ See the note with this † mark. In one part, a trial by jury is established in *all* cases *without exception*, in another part persons may be tried and condemned by *six* of the Council—The Council of Censors may pass public censures *without any trial*, which censures may be worse than death—The Council of Censors and the Convention to be called by them are to be vested with powers, that will occasion convulsions in the State, &c. &c. &c. &c.

Head Quarters, Perth Amboy, Oct. 8, 1776.

Colonel Slough's battalion of Pennsylvania Associators having done their duty as good soldiers, are hereby dismissed the service of the States, and are permitted to return home from Elizabeth-town on Monday next.

SAMUEL GRIFFIN, *Dep. Ad. Gen.*

Head Quarters, Elizabeth-town, Oct. 14, 1776.

Colonel Slough will be so good as to return my thanks to the Officers and Soldiers of the battalion under his command, for their decent and orderly behaviour since their occupying the post at the Point-house; as his battalion is now discharged from farther duty at this post, I take this opportunity to wish them safe home to their respective families and friends.

MATTHIAS WILLIAMSON, Brig. Gen.

SIR, *Head Quarters, Elizabeth-town, Oct. 14, 1776.*

"I request the favour of you to return my sincere thanks to the Officers and Soldiers of Col. Slough's battalion that turned out voluntiers with you yesterday, and joined us in our excursion to Staten-Island, for their orderly and soldier-like behaviour while on that service; and they may depend I shall always mention them with that regard and honour which their spirited conduct, on that occasion, entitles them to receive.

I am, with the greatest esteem,
Your most obedient servant,
Major Philip Brussel, M. WILLIAMSON, Brig. Gen."
of Col. Slough's battalion, Lancaster.

*** The Inhabitants of the Northern Liberties, the District of Southwark, Moyamensing and Passyunk, are earnestly requested to meet at the House of Mr James Nevill, the Sign of the Rainbow, in Second-street continued, commonly called Campington, next Friday, at two o'Clock in the Afternoon, on Business of the utmost Importance to this State.

‡‡ The Inhabitants of Philadelphia County are requested to meet at Chestnut-hill next Saturday, at Twelve o'Clock, on Business of the utmost Importance to this State.

ON Monday, the 28th instant, at Nine o' Clock, will be sold at Public Vendue, at Bright and Pechin's Wharff, about 580 Barrels of SPERMACETI OIL, taken on board the Brig Sherburne, by the private Brig of War Hancock. ‖ tw.

Port of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, ss. } To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Court of Admiralty will be held at the State-house, in the city of Philadelphia, on Monday, the 11th day of November next, at ten o' clock in the forenoon of the same day, then and there to try the truth of the facts alledged in the bill of Wingate Newman (who, as well, &c.) against the brigantine, or vessel, called the Sherburne, lately commanded by Jonathan Bunnell, burthen about 75 tons; together with her tackle, apparel, furniture and cargoe. To the end and intent that the owner or owners therof, or any persons concerned therein, may appear and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be condemned according to the prayer of the said bill. *By order of the Judge,*
¶ ANDREW ROBESON, Register.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS for the County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

YOUR former generous Conduct in bestowing the Sheriv-alty on those to whom you thought it might be serviceable, induces me to offer myself a Candidate for said Office at the approaching Election: Could I meet your Approbation, it should be my constant Study to merit your Choice, by a faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in your sincere Friend,
‡ WILLIAM MASTERS.

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the 31st day of this instant October, on the premises,

A CERTAIN LOT of good GROUND, containing about 25 or 30 acres, situate in Newtown township, Chester county, about 14 miles from Philadelphia, on the road leading from the Great Valley to Chester and Darby, and another leading to Concord, one half woodland; there are a log house, a smith's shop, and a good well of water on the premises; joining the lands of William Reece, Samuel Cealey, and Joseph James; 10 acres he has advertised for sale on the 31st of this month; the conditions of sale will be made known on the day of sale, by NATHANIEL NULEN. §

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on Friday, the first day of November next, at ten o' clock,

A VALUABLE plantation or tract of land, containing 127 acres of good land, 70 acres of which are cleared, 10 acres of good meadow, and more are now making, the remainder well timbered woodland; on said plantation are erected a good stone house, 28 by 45 feet, two stories high, with four rooms on a floor, a good well of water near the door, a good barn 22 by 45 feet, part stone and part frame, a cow-house and waggon shed, a stone milk-house, a never-failing spring of water under it, a good bearing orchard of about 200 apple trees; the whole situate on the great road leading from the Great Valley to Chester, in the township of West town, Chester county, 13 miles from Chester, and 21 from Philadelphia, and is a suitable place for a tavern, store, or any other public business; where due attendance will be given, and the conditions made known, on the day of sale, by JOHN BROWN. ‖

Philadelphia, October 16, 1776.

RUN away, last night, an apprentice lad, named JOHN PANCAKE, 18 years of age, about 5 feet 5 inches high, pale faced, dark hair, looks down when spoken to; had on, and took with him, a brown superfine cloth coat, white jacket and breeches, a good hat, one check and two white shirts, sundry stockings, and a pair of long quartered pumps. Whoever apprehends him and brings him home, shall be entitled to a reward of TWENTY SHILLINGS, from
WILLIAM RIGBY.
All masters of vessels are forbid to conceal or take him away.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on the 21st of this instant October, from the subscriber, living in the Northern Liberties, a Welsh servant lad, named DAVID THOMAS, about 14 years of age, fresh coloured, black hair, thick ancles; had on, and took with him, a half-worn felt hat, a striped lincey upper jacket, a red under jacket, a pair of brown fustian breeches, a pair of striped trowsers, &c. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by
GEORGE LEIB, Tanner.
N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril. †

Limerick township, Philadelphia county, October 21, 1776.

RUN away from the subscriber, last night, an English servant man, named JOHN FOSTER, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, has blackish hair, fair complexion, smooth faced; had on a green coat with long waist and skirts, a light coloured jacket, black breeches, shoes, stockings, an old hat, and two white shirts. Whoever brings home or secures said servant, so that his master may get him again, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward.
¶ MATTHEW BROOKS.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on Saturday morning, the 19th of October inst. from the subscriber, living at Springtown Forge, Chester county, a Dutch servant lad, named FREDERICK FIE, about 17 or 18 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, a swarthy complexion, brown hair; had on, when he went away, an old brown coat, with white metal buttons, a homespun shirt, check trowsers, dark brown yarn stockings, new shoes, odd buckles. Whoever secures him in any goal, so that his master gets him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JAMES M'CONNAUGHY. ¶

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

WHEREAS a certain *Edward Diggin*, Scythe-maker, was employed by me, the subscriber, some time past; since which he hath left the parts in a clandestine manner, and stole, carried off, and sold a considerable quantity of my property; the said *Diggin* is a native Irishman, and pretends to be of the Romish persuasion, of a middle size, a remarkable smooth tongue when sober, a noted liar, a great lover of company, idleness and liquor, and makes a practice of deceiving his employers; in order to do justice to myself, and to prevent his imposing on the public, I offer the above reward to any person that will secure the said *Diggin* in the goal of Chester, in the county of Chester, in order that he may be dealt with as the law directs.
October 18, 1776. ‖ SAMUEL HIBBARD.

York Island, October 9, 1776.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED from my company, of Col. William Richardson's battalion of the Flying Camp, Sept. 19, 1776, the following persons, viz. *Simon Gibney*, about 5 feet 7½ inches high, by trade a baker, of a dark complexion, and black curled hair; a quiet fellow. *John Duffey*, a well set fellow, 5 feet 6 inches high; had on a short green jacket, made sailor fashion, pretty talkative, full faced, and pretty fresh coloured. *Edward Gallanough*, 5 feet 6 inches high, dark curled hair, much pitted with the small-pox. *James Quigley*, a down looking fellow, of a sandy complexion, 5 feet 10 inches high, much pitted with the small-pox; had on a hunting shirt. *Samuel Painter*, a little man, 5 feet 4 inches high, about 35 years of age, short curled hair, dark brown mixed with grey. The above deserters have all received two months pay. Any person or persons securing said deserters and sending them to my company, now on York Island, near Head Quarters, shall receive the above reward, or EIGHT DOLLARS for either of them, paid by
¶ WALTER ALEXANDER, Captain.

shall be before the President or Vice-President and Council, who shall hear and determine the same.

Sect. 23. The Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature shall have fixed salaries, be commissioned for seven years only, though capable of re-appointment at the end of that term, but removeable for misbehaviour at any time by the General Assembly;—they shall not be allowed to sit as members in the Continental Congress, Executive Council, or General Assembly, nor to hold any other office, civil or military, nor to take or receive fees or perquisites of any kind.

Sect. 24. The Supreme Court and the several Courts of Common Pleas of this Commonwealth shall, besides the powers usually exercised by such courts, have the powers of a Court of Chancery, so far as relates to the perpetuating testimony, obtaining evidence from places not within this State, and the care of the persons and estates of those who are *non compos mentis*, and such other powers as may be found necessary by future General Assemblies, not inconsistent with this Constitution.

Sect. 25. Trials shall be by jury, as heretofore: And it is recommended to the Legislature of this State to provide by law against every corruption or partiality in the choice, return, or appointment of Juries.

Sect. 26. Courts of Sessions, Common Pleas, and Orphans Courts, shall be held quarterly in each city and county; and the Legislature shall have power to establish all such other courts as they may judge for the good of the inhabitants of the State. All courts shall be open, and justice shall be impartially administered, without corruption or unnecessary delay: All their officers shall be paid an adequate but moderate compensation for their services; And if any officer shall take greater or other fees than the laws allow him, either directly or indirectly, it shall ever after disqualify him from holding any office in this State.

Sect. 27. All prosecutions shall commence in the name and by the authority of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; and all indictments shall conclude with these words, "Against the peace and dignity of the same." The stile of all process hereafter in this State shall be, The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Sect. 28. The person of a debtor, where there is not a strong presumption of fraud, shall not be continued in prison, after delivering up, *bona fide*, all his estate, real and personal, for the use of his creditors, in such manner as shall be hereafter regulated by law. All prisoners shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, unless for capital offences, when the proof is evident or presumption great.

Sect. 29. Excessive bail shall not be exacted for bailable offences, and all fines shall be moderate.

Sect. 30. Justices of the Peace shall be elected by the Freeholders of each city and county respectively, that is to say, two or more persons may be chosen for each ward, township or district, as the law shall hereafter direct: And their names shall be returned to the President in Council, who shall commissionate one or more of them for each ward, township or district so returning, for seven years, removable for misconduct by the General Assembly:—But if any city or county, ward, township or district in this Commonwealth, shall hereafter incline to change the manner of appointing their Justices of the Peace as settled in this article, the General Assembly may make laws to regulate the same, agreeable to the desire of a majority of the freeholders of the city or county, ward, township or district so applying. No Justice of the Peace shall sit in the General Assembly unless he first resign his commission, nor shall he be allowed to take any fees, nor any salary or allowance, except such as the future Legislature may grant.

Sect. 31. Sheriffs and Coroners shall be elected annually in each city and county, by the Freemen, that is to say, two persons for each office, one of whom for each is to be commissioned by the President in Council. No person shall continue in the office of Sheriff more than three successive years, or be capable of being again elected during four years afterwards. The election shall be held at the same time and place appointed for the election of Representatives: And the Commissioners and Assessors, and other officers chosen by the people, shall also be then and there elected, as has been usual heretofore, until altered or otherwise regulated by the future legislature of this State.

Sect. 32. All elections, whether by the people or in General Assembly, shall be by ballot, free and voluntary: And any elector, who shall receive any gift or reward for his vote, in meat, drink, monies or otherwise, shall forfeit his right to elect for that time, and suffer such other penalty as future laws shall direct. And any person who shall directly or indirectly give, promise or bestow any such rewards to be elected, shall be thereby rendered incapable to serve for the ensuing year.

Sect. 33. All fees, licence-money, fines and forfeitures, heretofore granted or paid to the Governor, or his deputies, for the support of government, shall hereafter be paid into the public treasury, unless altered or abolished by the future legislature.

Sect. 34. A Register's office for the probate of wills and granting letters of administration, and an office for the recording of deeds, shall be kept in each city and county: The officers to be appointed by the General Assembly, removeable at their pleasure, and to be commissioned by the President and Council.

Sect. 35. The printing presses shall be free to every person who undertakes to examine the proceedings of the legislature, or any part of government.

Sect. 36. As every freeman, to preserve his independence (if without a sufficient estate) ought to have some profession, calling, trade or farm, whereby he may honestly subsist, there can be no necessity for, nor use in establishing offices of profit, the usual effects of which are dependence and servility, unbecoming freemen, in the possessors and expectants; faction, contention, corruption and disorder among the people. But if any man is called into public service, to the prejudice of his private affairs, he has a right to a reasonable compensation: And whenever an office, through increase of fees, or otherwise, becomes so profitable as to occasion many to apply for it, the profits ought to be lessened by the legislature.

Sect. 37. The future legislature of this State shall regulate intails in such a manner as to prevent perpetuities.

Sect. 38. The penal laws, as heretofore used, shall be reformed by the future legislature of this State, as soon as may be, and punishments made in some cases less sanguinary, and in general more proportionate to the crimes.

Sect. 39. To deter more effectually from the commission of crimes, by continued visible punishment of long duration, and to make sanguinary punishments less necessary, houses ought to be provided for punishing, by hard labour, those who shall be convicted of crimes not capital; wherein the criminals shall be employed for the benefit of the public, or for reparation of injuries done to private persons: And all persons at proper times shall be admitted to see the prisoners at their labour.

Sect. 40. Every officer, whether judicial, executive or military, in authority under this Commonwealth, shall take the following oath or affirmation of allegiance, and general oath of office before he enters on the execution of his office: The oath or affirmation of allegiance.—"*I —— do swear (or affirm) that I will be true and faithful to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: And that I will not directly or indirectly do any act or thing prejudicial or injurious to the constitution or government thereof as established by the Convention.*" The oath or affirmation of office. "*I—— do swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of —— for the —— of —— and I will do equal right and justice to all men to the best of my judgment and abilities, according to law.*"

Sect. 41. No public tax, custom or contribution shall be imposed upon or paid by the people of this State, except by a law for that purpose: And before any law be made for raising it, the purpose for which any tax is to be raised ought to appear clearly to the legislature to be of more service to the community than the money would be, if not collected, which being well observed, taxes can never be burthens.

Sect. 42. Every foreigner of good character, who comes to settle in this State, having first taken an oath or affirmation of allegiance to the same, may purchase, or by other just means acquire, hold and transfer land or other real estate; and after one year's residence shall be deemed a free denizen thereof, and entitled to all the rights of a natural born subject of this State, except that he shall not be capable of being elected a Representative until after two years residence.

Sect. 43. The inhabitants of this State shall have liberty to fowl and hunt in seasonable times on the lands they hold, and on all other lands therein not inclosed; and in like manner to fish in all boatable waters and others not private property.

Sect. 44. A school or schools shall be established in each county by the legislature, for the convenient instruction of youth, with such salaries to the masters, paid by the public, as may enable them to instruct youth at low prices: And all useful learning shall be duly encouraged and promoted in one or more universities.

Sect. 45. Laws for the encouragement of virtue, and prevention of vice and immorality, shall be made and constantly kept in force, and provision shall be made for their due execution: And all religious societies or bodies of men, heretofore united or incorporated for the advancement of religion and learning, or for other pious and charitable purposes, shall be encouraged and protected in the enjoyment of the privileges, immunities and states, which they were accustomed to enjoy, or could of right have enjoyed under the laws and former constitution of this State.

Sect. 46. The Declaration of Rights is hereby declared to be a part of the constitution of this Commonwealth, and ought never to be violated on any pretence whatever.

Sect. 47. In order that the freedom of this Commonwealth may be preserved inviolate for ever, there shall be chosen by ballot by the freemen in each city and county respectively, on the second Tuesday in October, in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and on the second Tuesday in October in every seventh year thereafter, two persons in each city and county of this State, to be called the Council of Censors; who shall meet together on the second Monday of November, next ensuing their election; the majority of whom shall be a quorum in every case, except as to calling a Convention, in which two thirds of the whole number elected shall agree; and whose duty it shall be to enquire whether the constitution has been preserved inviolate in every part? And whether the legislative and executive branches of government have performed their duty as guardians of the people, or assumed to themselves, or exercised other or greater powers than they are entitled to by the constitution: They are also to enquire whether the public taxes have been justly laid and collected in all parts of this Commonwealth, in what manner the public monies have been disposed of, and whether the laws have been duly executed: For these purposes they shall have power to send for persons, papers and records; they shall have authority to pass public censures, to order impeachments, and to recommend to the legislature the repealing such laws as appear to them to have been enacted contrary to the principles of the constitution: These powers they shall continue to have, for and during the space of one year from the day of their election and no longer: The said Council of Censors shall also have power to call a Convention, to meet within two years after their sitting, if there appear to them an absolute necessity of amending any article of the constitution which may be defective, explaining such as may be thought not clearly expressed, and of adding such as are necessary for the preservation of the rights and happiness of the people: But the articles to be amended, and the amendments proposed, and such articles as are proposed to be added or abolished, shall be promulgated at least six months before the day appointed for the election of such Convention, for the previous consideration of the people, that they may have an opportunity of instructing their Delegates on the subject.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Newton township, Gloucester county, New-Jersey, the 24th of August last, a Dutch servant, named *Hans Hendrius Christian Bremer*, about 19 or 20 years old, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, well set, dark yellow hair, dark eyes, peaked nose, low between his eyes, a down look, and speaks broken English. It is supposed he had on a new castor hat, a striped woollen jacket, a buff coloured broadcloth jacket without sleeves, a white linen shirt, an old pair of trowsers, new homespun thread stockings, good shoes and plated buckles carved. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ SAMUEL CLEMENT.

Philadelphia, October 23, 1776.

CAME to the stable of BENJAMIN DAVIDS, at the Sign of the George, the corner of Second and Arch-streets, on Sunday, the 13th instant, a sorrel HORSE, about 7 years old, four white feet, bald face, and branded on the near buttock; he came with a large hook yoke on. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold in four weeks from this date. §

Tenth-Month 18, 1776.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Upper-Dublin township, Philadelphia county, some time ago, a BLACK COW. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ISAAC CLEAVER. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away, on the 10th of October inst. from the subscriber, living in West-Nottingham, a Scotch servant girl, 23 years of age, low and thick set, and has black bushy hair; her left wrist is marked on both sides, having been once broke. She took neither bonnet, cap, stockings or shoes with her, but had on a striped linsey short gown, and walnut coloured petticoat. Whoever takes up said servant, and brings her home, shall have the above reward, paid by JAMES CUMMINGS. ¶

FIVE DOLLARS Rewards.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Richland township, Bucks county, on the 14th of October inst. an English servant lad, named THOMAS HORBIN, about 18 or 19 years of age, grey eyes, black hair, down look, thick lips, and knock kneed; had on, when he went away, an half-worn felt hat, brown cloth coat, saggathy jacket, which is too large for him, homespun shirt, striped linen trowsers, and old shoes. Whoever takes up the said lad and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN LESTER. ¶

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Chester, on the night of the 11th instant, a Dutch servant girl, speaks bad English, about 25 years old, middle stature, fair complexion, and has slits in the under parts of her ears; had on, when she went away, a lincey petticoat, a tow shift, with sleeves of a finer linen; had neither shoes nor stockings. Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings her to the subscriber, or secures her, so that her master may get her again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

October 15, 1776. ¶ WILLIAM KERLIN.

College of Philadelphia, September 24, 1776.

THE LECTURES on MATERIA MEDICA, CHEMISTRY, and the PRACTICE OF PHYSIC, will begin on the last Tuesday of October.

Haddonfield, Ninth-Month 10, 1776.

ALL persons who are indebted to the estate of WILLIAM HAMPTON, late of the township and county of Gloucester, deceased, or to the subscriber, for goods purchased at the vendue made of the goods and chattels of said deceased, are earnestly requested to make speedy payment: Such who have just demands on said estate are desired to bring them in, that a settlement may be made, by THOMAS REDMAN, Executor. ¶

Port of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, ss. } To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Court of Admiralty will be held at the State-house, in the city of Philadelphia, on Friday, the first day of November next, at ten o' clock in the forenoon of the same day; then and there to try the truth of the facts alledged in the bill of James Montgomery (who, as well, &c.) against the ship or vessel called the Thetis, burthen about 300 tons, lately commanded by Hezekiah May, together with her tackle, apparel, furniture and cargoe. To the end and intent, that the owner or owners thereof, or any persons concerned therein, may appear and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be condemned, according to the prayer of the said bill. *By order of the Judge,*

† ANDREW ROBESON, Register.

To the votable Inhabitants of the County and Borough of Chester,

GENTLEMEN,

IT hath been your pleasure, some years past, to delegate me one of your Representatives to serve in General Assembly; permit me, Gentlemen, to return you my grateful thanks for your distinguished sentiments of respect, and, in future, be pleased to excuse me from farther service in that station, which is the real desire of BENJAMIN BARTHOLOMEW. ¶

THE CONTRIBUTORS for promoting the Culture of SILK are desired to meet, at the House of BENJAMIN DAVIDS, on Friday, the first Day of November next, at three o' Clock in the Afternoon, to choose twelve MANAGERS and a TREASURER for the ensuing Year.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the Eighth Day of November next,

A VALUABLE plantation in the township of Goshen and county of Chester, containing 140 acres of excellent good LAND, both for grain and pasture, with about 70 acres thereof cleared, the remainder exceedingly well timbered, with 10 acres of good meadow, part thereof watered, and the rest may be watered, and a good thriving orchard, with a good log dwelling-house and barn, and other out-houses; also a stream of water passing through the same, with a sufficient fall for some advantageous mill works. The whole in good repair, and the title indisputable. Any person, who has a mind to purchase, may view the premises, by applying to the subscribers, on the spot,

¶ JOHN JOHNSON, and JOSEPH JOHNSON.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the premises, the third day of December next,

A GOOD plantation or tract of LAND, containing 203 acres, situate in Coventry township, Chester county, about two miles from Pottsgrove, with a good large stone-dwelling-house, and a good cellar under the same, and a good large stone barn and stables, spring and spring-house, and other out-houses; about one half of the land is well timbered, and the other is good corn land; about 15 acres of the best watered meadow; a good orchard, with good apple-trees, and about 30 acres of wheat and rye in the ground; all in good fence and repair. The sale to begin the same day, on the premises, between the hours of twelve and one of the clock. The conditions to be seen at the time and place of sale, by JOHN BOUGH, and PETER CRUMBACKER, Executors. ¶ 6 W,

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To be sold by public vendue, on the 31st day of this inst. October, on the premises,

A CERTAIN LOT of good GROUND, containing about ten acres, situate in Newtown township, Chester county, about 14 miles from Philadelphia, on the road leading from the Great-Valley to Chester and Darby, and another leading to Concord and the new Lancaster road, they all intersect in in the said piece of ground; one half woodland.

Likewise one other piece of land, between 20 and 30 acres, on the road leading from Goshen to Philadelphia, well watered, and about three acres of meadow and five of woodland well timbered. Any person inclining to view either of them, before the day of sale, may apply to the subscriber, living on the premises, and be informed of the terms by

† JOSEPH JAMES.

Lancaster Goal, September 30, 1776.

WAS committed to my custody, a certain Negroe man, who calls himself *William*, and says he is the property of Mr. John Coxon, of Frederick county, Maryland. Also a certain *John Brown*, alias *Henry France-Nible*, supposed to be a runaway servant from Mr. Amor Grubb, by whom he is particularly described in his advertisement. And a certain *Benjamin Simmons*, who confesses himself a servant to Thomas Owings, in Baltimore county, Maryland, by whom he has been advertised the 19th instant. The respective masters of the said servants, and Negroe, are desired to come, in three weeks from the date hereof, pay charges, and take them away, otherwise they will then be discharged, on paying their fees, by

¶ PETER RIBLET, Goaler.

MELASSES, COFFEE, SUGAR, *FRENCH* BRANDY, and RED PORT, in Bottles, TO BE SOLD BY *GEORGE MEADE*, and *Company*.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

MAREDANT's DROPS.

The moſt ſucceſsful remedy in all ſcorbutic caſes ever diſcovered. They have relieved great numbers in this province, as well as in New-York, New-England, and the Carolinas, and are to be had at 12s. a bottle of

NICHOLAS BROOKS,

At his Dry Goods, Picture and Jewellery Shop, in Second-ſtreet, three doors above Black-horſe-alley.

THAT MAREDANT's ANTI-SCORBUTIC DROPS, prepared only by *John Norton*, Surgeon, will perfectly cure the moſt inveterate ſcurvy, leproſy, pimpled faces, of ever ſo long ſtanding, ſo as never to return again: Likewiſe the evil or ſtruma, fiſtulas, piles, old obſtinate ſores or ulcers; and, by purifying the blood, prevent malignant humours of every kind from being thrown upon the lungs, &c. the following remarkable cures ſufficiently prove.

To Mr. Norton, Surgeon, in Golden-ſquare, London.

Sir, I am cured by the uſe of Maredant's drops, of a moſt afflicting diſorder of the ſcorbutic kind, after trying every medicine that could be thought of for my relief in vain. My caſe was as follows: I firſt had ſmall pimples come out on my head and face; in a little time after my face was covered with blotches, and on the ſide of my noſe ſpungy fleſh grew, as big as a ſmall nut; the ſame round my eyes and mouth, though not ſo large, with blotches on my body, arms, and in the palms of my hand, attended with ſo violent a pain in my head, that I has almoſt loſt the ſight of my left eye, the pain being moſtly upon that ſide. I was in this ſituation till January laſt, when, by Providence, I met a gentleman, who was then at Bath, but is ſince gone to the Weſt-Indies: He recommended Mr. Norton's drops to me, by which medicine he had been cured of moſt ſhocking ulcerated legs. I am now in perfect health, and am continually praying for the welfare of the author of ſo valuable a medicine.

JOHN ATTWOOD, Toy-maker, Market-place, Bath.

See the following Caſe.

I was afflicted with a moſt ſhocking leproſy, attended with violent rheumatic pains ſo that my life was quite miſerable; I tried every thing that could be thought of for my relief in vain. I am now perfectly cured by the uſe of Maredant's drops, as my neighbours can teſtify, who knew the ſhocking condition I was in. JOHN FORSTER, at the Roſe, at Welling in Kent.

Mary Copſon cured of a ſcorbutic humour on her head and face, attended with a violent hoarſeneſs and ſhortneſs of breath.

A moſt extraordinary Cure by the uſe of Maredant's Drops.

To Mr. Norton, Surgeon, in Golden-ſquare, London.

Sir, I take this method of returning you my moſt ſincere thanks for the cure of my ſon, which was effected by your moſt excellent drops; two years and an half ago he had the ſmall-pox, immediately after that a moſt violent humour ſettled in both his hands, which were ſo bad that he entirely loſt the uſe of them; the bones were ſo much affected that two pieces ſeparated and came away. The humour in his hands was attended with almoſt as violent a one in his face, which formed an entire ſcab over the whole, and ſmelt intolerably: In ſhort, he was in ſo much miſery, and without hopes of recovery (as I had had the opinion of the moſt eminent without effect, who called it the king's-evil) that I deſpaired of his life. In gratitude for ſo extraordinary a cure, I have deſired this to be made public. Any perſon, by calling at my houſe, the Talbot Inn, in the Strand, may be informed of every particular, and ſee the child.

CHARLES ASHLEY.

N. B. KEYSER's genuine PILLS to be had at the above ſhop. Good allowance is made to people who ſell again.

Middletown township, Cumberland county, Sept. 25, 1776.

ALL perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate of Robert Callender, late of the township aforeſaid, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, that they may be adjuſted and paid as ſoon as poſſible; and all thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid eſtate, by bond, note or otherwiſe, are requeſted to pay the ſame to the ſubſcribers.

TO BE SOLD,

Agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of the ſaid Robert Callender, deceaſed, about 1200 acres of excellent limeſtone land, ſituate in East-Pennſborough township, in the county aforeſaid, about 10 miles Eaſtward of Carliſle, on the great road leading from Harris's ferry to the ſaid town of Carliſle, whereon are erected and built, an excellent merchant-mill and ſaw-mill adjacent, both in very good repair, and now in the tenure of Mr. Francis Silver, on a never-failing ſtream of water, known by the name of Silver's Spring, which abounds with the fineſt of trout, the head of ſaid ſpring being not a mile diſtant from the ſaid mills, in a plentiful country for wheat and all kinds of grain; the mill houſe is built of limeſtone, two ſtories high, and has in it two pair of ſtones, 3 boulting reels and hoiſting works, all which go by water, together with a new two ſtory dwelling-houſe and ſtone barn, now with part of the land in the tenure of John M'Curdy, who keeps a public houſe of entertainment, for which buſineſs it is moſt advantageouſly ſituated. Alſo one other two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe and frame barn, which is, with another part of the ſaid land, in the tenure of another perſon. This tract may be conveniently divided into three plantations, each getting a ſufficiency of water and timber, and ſufficient ground to turn into meadow. Several other very valuable tracts of land, in the ſame neighbourhood, belonging to the ſaid eſtate, are alſo to be ſold, together with a number of tracts of very valuable unimproved land in the counties of Bedford, Northumberland and Weſtmoreland. Any perſon or perſons, therefore, inclining to purchaſe any of ſaid lands, may apply to Mr. Francis Silver, who will ſhew the boundaries of the firſt mentioned tract, and for terms of ſale of the whole, to the Subſcribers, who will make indiſputable titles, and treat with any perſon or perſons who may incline to rent the plantation whereon the ſaid Robert Callender lately lived, together with the excellent merchant-mill and ſaw-mill thereon erected; the whole of which are in good repair, and may be entered on at any time.

And on the 29th of October will be ſold by public vendue, on the laſt mentioned premiſes, ſeveral very valuable Negroe ſlaves, viz. two men, a woman, and ſeveral male and female children; alſo all the farming utenſils and live ſtock, conſiſting of very valuable working horſes, mares and colts; a large number of horned cattle, ſheep and ſwine; at which time and place attendance and reaſonable credit will be given by FRANCES CALLENDER, Executrix; WILLIAM NIEL, WILLIAM IRVINE, and MATTHIAS SLOUGH, Executors. §

Philadelphia, October 1, 1776.

STRAYED, the 22d of laſt month, from a ſtable in this city, a light ſorrel HORSE, with a long mane and ſwitch tail; no ſhoes on, he trots and paces, and has a big belly. Whoever takes him up, and brings him to ISAAC LORT, Crier, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward.

Cheſter County, Ninth-Month 23, 1776.

ALL perſons who are indebted to the eſtate of JOSEPH PRATT, late of Edgemont, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to the Executors; and all perſons having any juſt demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to produce their accounts, properly proved; that they may be ſettled by

† ABRAHAM PRATT, and JOSEPH PRATT, Executors.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Buckingham township, Bucks county, in Auguſt laſt, a brown Gelding, ſuppoſed to be 7 or 8 years old, near 15 hands high, branded A. S. on the off buttock, with a ſtar in his forehead, his mane hanging long, and a ſwitch tail; trots for moſt part, and when moved from a walk halts upon his off hind leg. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

NATHAN MAINSTRY. §

To be LETT, and may be entered on immediately,

A WELL-ACCUSTOMED FULLING-MILL, in a good neighbourhood, ſituate in Londongrove township, Cheſter county, being the mill lately occupied by William Wood, deceaſed. The ſaid mill is on a never-failing ſtream of water, in good repair, and may be had on reaſonable terms; together with all the utenſils neceſſary for carrying on the Fulling Buſineſs. Any perſon inclining to know the terms, may be informed, by the owner, living on the premiſes.

Ninth-Month 28, 1776. HENRY HAYES.

One Hundred and Twenty-Eight Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from Bergen town, the 5th of September laſt, out of Captain Miller's company, belonging to the Flying Camp, *John* and *Benjamin Williams*, country born; *Owen Jenkins*, *Ephraim Hallen*, *John Falls*, *William Erwin*, *John Ryan*, of Cheſter county, Pennſylvania; *Samuel Stacy*, of Philadelphia. From Fort Conſtitution, deſerted the 16th of September, *William Idding*, *Thomas Lyons*, *Moſes Lyons*, *John M'Kie*, *Adam Stark*, *William Grey*, and *Samuel Marſhall*. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid deſerters in Philadelphia goal, ſhall have the above reward, or Eight Dollars for each. Alſo deſerted from the above mentioned place, a certain *Joſeph Brooks*. Whoever apprehends him, ſhall have Eight Dollars reward.

THOMAS MILLER, Captain.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED from Captain James M'Clure's company of the Flying Camp, of Cheſter county, in Pennſylvania, on the 18th of September laſt, then ſtationed at Fort Conſtitution, in East New-Jerſey, the following men, viz. *Andrew Chriſty*, and *Robert Potts*; *Chriſty* is about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, a black down looking fellow, a little pitted with the ſmall-pox, ſtoop ſhouldered, and appears to be 30 years of age; had on, when he went away, a blackiſh coloured hunting ſhirt and trowſers, brown velvet jacket, &c. *Potts* is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, a down looking fellow, moſtly keeps one eye ſhut and ſquints with the other; had on, when he went away, a brown homeſpun cloth coat, his other clothes not known. Whoever apprehends and ſecures ſaid deſerters in Philadelphia goal, ſhall receive for either of them Eight Dollars, or the above reward of Sixteen Dollars for both of them, paid by

¶ JAMES M'CLURE, Captain.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, on the 12th of Auguſt laſt a black COW, with white in her face. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ JOSEPH YATES.

EIGHTY DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED from Captain Culbertſon's company of the Flying Camp, commanded by Col. William Montgomery, the following perſons, viz. *Frederick Kump*, a German, about 5 feet 2 inches high, pale complexion, thin viſage, brown hair, &c. *Thomas Reeſe*, an American, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, fair complexion, fair hair, &c. *Daniel M'Ginnis*, a native Iriſhman, about 5 feet 4 inches high, brown complexion, brown hair, much addicted to liquor; ſuppoſed to be in Bucks county. *John Virgil*, an American, about 5 feet 8 inches high, brown complexion, brown hair, down look, a great villain, &c.---- *Wentworth Armſtrong*, an Iriſhman, about 5 feet 10 inches high, fair complexion, wears a red cut wig; he is much pitted with the ſmall-pox, and is an artful fellow, &c. *John Knight*, a Scotchman, about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a dark complexion, brown hair, freckled, a low forehead, clumſy, &c. *Conrad Cole*, a German, about 5 feet 6 inches high, dark complexion, brown hair, clumſy made, &c. *Edward M'Crank*, an Iriſhman, about 5 feet 4 inches high, brown complexion, brown hair, wears a ſailor's jacket, &c. *John Groomer*, alias *Kingſinger*, a German, about 5 feet 8 inches high, brown complexion, brown hair, a great rogue and liar, &c. *Thomas Davis*, a Welchman, about 5 feet 6 inches high, brown complexion, brown hair, clumſy made, much given to liquor, &c. Whoever ſecures ſaid deſerters in Philadelphia goal, ſo that they may be brought to the camp, near Fort Conſtitution, ſhall have the above reward, or eight Dollars for either of them, from

† SAMUEL CULBERTSON, Captain.

TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED from Captain Thomas Holme's company, of the firſt of the Philadelphia county battalions, of Flying Camp, commanded by Colonel John Moore (Perth-Amboy) *James Smith*, about 28 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, of a brown complexion, black hair, has a remarkable ſcar on his right cheek; he formerly belonged to Captain Wolf's company, in Colonel Patten's battalion, of Berk's county. *Thomas Slice*, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, brown hair, fair complexion, brown coat faced with red, leather breeches, yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, and a wool hat. *James M'Cleland*, 45 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, brown complexion, black hair, given to drink; yellow frock and trowſers, good ſhoes, tied with ſtrings. *Slice* and *M'Cleland*, belonged to Col. Bull's battalion, in John Porter's company, of Philadelphia county. Whoever takes up ſaid deſerters, and ſends them to their reſpective corps, at Amboy aforeſaid, ſhall have the above reward, or Eight Dollars for either, and reaſonable charges, by

† THOMAS HOLME, Captain.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, in Lampeter township, Lancaſter county, on Friday, the 20th of September laſt, one brown coloured broadcloth coat and jacket, almoſt new, one turned blue coat and jacket, one pair of black velvet breeches, one mixed claret coloured waiſtcoat, one blue ſurtout coat, ſtained with paint, 3 fine linen ſhirts, and ſeveral coarſe ditto, and ſeveral womens ſhifts, 3 ſtocks, one of them cambrick, and marked D M, one white metal ſtockbuckle, one pair of white diamond knitted cotton ſtockings, one pair white and blue wove ditto, one new beaver hat, cut round the edge, two caſtor hats, one of them torn a little and ſewed with ſilk, and the other almoſt new, with white lining, one pocket-book, with a bond in it, payable by Samuel Finley to the ſubſcriber, and alſo other writings, one coarſe bag, &c. Whoever takes up the ſaid goods and the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Eight Dollars for the goods only, paid by

¶ ROBERT FINLEY.

FOUR POUNDS REWARD.

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the paſture of Finley M'Grew, in East-Nottingham townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 22d day of September, a ſtrawberry roan MARE, about 14 hands high, 10 years old, both paces and trots, neither brand nor ear-mark, ſhod all round, and has a ſore back; ſhe has alſo a ſmall lump on her belly, cloſe by her bag; ſhe had a bell on, when taken away. Whoever ſecures ſaid mare and thief, ſo as the thief may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, and for the mare Twenty Shillings, and reaſonable charges, if brought to Finley M'Grew's, paid by GAVIN MORRISON, *junior.* ¶

TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

WAS LOST, out of Mr. Shewell's Dock, the 19th of September, at night, a LONG-BOAT, with a ſmall YAUL faſt to her, both payed with turpentine; the Long-boat had about four fathom of four inch rope in her, and a ſmall piece of her ſtarboard bow ſtove, with no thaughts; the Yaul had in the fore and after thaughts, with a ſquarer ſtern than common, about ten feet keel. Whoever takes up ſaid Boats, and delivers them to BOWYER BROOKE, Boat-builder, near Race-ſtreet wharff, ſhall have the above reward, 12s 6 for the Long-boat, and 7s 6 for the Yaul. or

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Philadelphia, October 7, 1776.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, containing near 10 acres, very pleaſantly and conveniently ſituated for a Gentleman's country ſeat, or retirement from buſineſs, on the main ſtreet of Germantown, adjoining the lots of Meſſieurs John Bringhurſt, Coachmaker, and Chriſtopher Sower, Printer; it has a fine level front of 161 feet or more, on which is a very good garden; the dwelling-houſe ſtands 80 feet back from the ſtreet, is built of ſtone, 54 feet wide, with 4 rooms and a very large entry, 2 cellars, one new built kitchen, the whole houſe was rebuilt in the beſt manner laſt year, at the front of the houſe is a well of excellent never-failing water, with a new pump in it, and another good drawing well in the yard, a good barn and ſtabling for 6 creatures, and a ſtrong ſtone building fit for any uſe; there is alſo on the premiſes a good orchard of two acres, with the beſt apple, pear, and other fruit trees; ſeveral acres of rich, arable land, quite level, ſo that the manure cannot be waſhed away; a meadow of about one acre, through which runs a ſtrong ſtream of water, ſome woodland for poſts and rails, and a good ſtone quarry. It is part of the land commonly called the Frankford Company Lands; ſubject to a yearly groundrent of Five Shillings, which may be redeemed with Five or Six Pounds. For terms, apply to the owner, ANTHONY STIRMER, in Philadelphia, Second-ſtreet, between Vine and Race-ſtreets, near Coats's-alley; or CHRISTOPHER SOWER, in Germantown. ¶

OFFICE *for the Sale of* REAL-ESTATES.

SUNDRY valuable LOTS, in and about this City, are to be ſold for CASH; they are moſtly in the beſt Situations for Improvement, either in a mercantile Way, or for the Reſidence of Gentlemen and Tradeſmen, apply to

MATTHEW CLARKSON, or
¶ EDWARD BONSALL.

This Day is publiſhed, printed and ſold by

R. AITKEN, PRINTER and BOOKSELLER,

Oppoſite the London Coffee-Houſe, Front-ſtreet,

Containing nearly 220 Pages, large Octavo, in blue Boards, Price One Dollar,

The JOURNALS of the PROCEEDINGS of CONGRESS held at *Philadelphia*, from *January* to *May* 1776.

THE RECORDER of DEEDS, for the City and County of Philadelphia, hath now in his Poſſeſſion a Number of old Deeds, for Premiſes ſituate in ſeveral Parts of the Province of Pennſylvania, the Lower Counties on Delaware and New Jerſey; the Perſons who are entitled thereto may have them, on producing proper Vouchers and Payment of Fees. §

Philadelphia, Tenth-Month 4, 1776.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 29th of laſt month, a Mulattoe ſervant man, named CHARLES CASE, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, and about 25 or 26 years of age, well made, when in haſte to ſpeak ſtammers; had on a felt hat, old homeſpun ſhirt, patched, a ſtriped jacket, without ſleeves, new homeſpun trowſers, one leg of which has been pieced near the bottom, a pair of blue and white cotton ſtockings; he ſtole 45 ſhillings, and has bought a new check ſhirt and a new pair of ſhoes, and will perhaps lay out the reſt for ſmall trifles. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOSEPH PEMBERTON, Grazier.

N. B. It is likely that he will get a paſs forged, as he has done time paſt. The reaſon of his being a ſervant is his repeated theſts, though he declared to me that it was ſickneſs. ‡

Lower-Dublin, Philadelphia County, Auguſt 20, 1776.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, laſt night, a red roan HORSE, natural pacer, carries low, about 15 years old, unſhod, 15 hands high, in pretty good order, and is a horſe of dull ſpirits. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe and thief, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges; or Forty Shillings for the horſe only; paid by

‡ SAMUEL JONES.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, out of the houſe of Alexander Dearſert, on the 23d day of September laſt, the following articles, viz. One beaver hat, about half-worn, a lead coloured coat, newly turned, and jacket, one pair of ſnuff coloured velvet breeches, one pair of linen trowſers, one pair of blue ribbed ſtockings, one pair of ſilver buckles, old faſhion, one pair of ſhoes, one ſilk handkerchief, a ſmall looking-glaſs, with a red frame, 3 ſilver tea-ſpoons, marked A.D.E. with the ſterling ſtamp on them. Whoever takes up the goods and thief, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or Thirty Shillings for either goods or thief, paid by ALEXANDER DEARSERT, in Rapho townſhip, Lancaſter county.

N. B. The above goods are ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by an elderly man, of a ſmall ſtature, with light coloured clothes. ¶

WAS taken up by the ſubſcriber, at George Grey's Ferry, in Kingſeſs, a black STRAY MARE, between 13 and 14 hands high, low in fleſh, appears pretty old, has two white ſpots on each ſhoulder. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ JOHN MATZINGER.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in Whitemarſh townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 13th of September, at night, a dark bay STALION colt, 2 years old laſt ſpring, about 13 hands high, a natural trotter, has a ſtar in his forehead, and his near hind foot white. Whoever ſecures the ſaid colt and thief, if ſtolen, ſo that the owner may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, but for the colt only FOUR DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ ANDREW MILLER.

TO THE PUBLIC.

A SCHOOL for the inſtruction of YOUTH is now opened by the ſubſcriber, at his houſe in Front-ſtreet, between Lombard and South-ſtreets, where is taught Engliſh Grammar, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Merchants Accompts, or the Italian Method of Book-Keeping, Euclid's Elements, Menſuration of Superficies and Solids, Navigation, Surveying of Land in Theory and Practice, Altimetry, or the taking of Heights; Longimetry, or the taking of Diſtances; Gauging, Algebra, and other Branches of the Mathematics.

Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen, who pleaſe to favour him with the inſtruction of their children, may rely on his aſſiduity and care in endeavouring to diſcharge the important truſt repoſed in him; and a ſtrict regard will be had to their morals. MARTIN EVANS. ¶

N. B. *A Night School is alſo opened by him at the ſame place, for the convenience of thoſe who cannot attend the Day School.*

Grown perſons, who ſtand in need of any of the above branches, and are willing to retrieve their loſs of time, will find their account by applying to ſaid Evans, *who will ſpare no pains to make them perfect.*

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED from Captain Matthew Smith's company, Sept. 28, 1776, from Princeton, a certain *James Mellons*, about 50 years of age, a dark looking fellow, about 5 feet 10 inches high, wears a brown hunting ſhirt and trowſers, without fringe, an old felt hat, old ſhoes; brown hair, hollow eyes, has been fighting, and has a black eye. Whoever ſecures ſaid deſerter ſo that he may be brought to the regiment at Kingſbridge, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

§ MICHAEL SIMPSON, Lieut.

TO BE SOLD,

A MULATTOE SLAVE, about 30 years of age, understands all plantation buſineſs, and is handy to mend any thing that breaks, or hoop a tub, &c. upon occaſion, or do any thing in the houſe; he is a healthy able-bodied fellow, and very ſuitable for a Farmer. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

IS WANTED,

A LAD of about 14 or 15 Years of Age, to learn the Trade of LOAF BREAD BAKING. Any LAD that is deſirous to learn the Trade, may hear of a good Place, by enquiring of the PRINTERS hereof. ¶

Juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling by

J. NORMAN, Printſeller and Engraver, in Second-ſtreet, near Spruce-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

A MAP of the preſent Seat of War, with the Harbours of New-York and Perth-Amboy.

Price Two Shillings and Sixpence.

Philadelphia, October 3, 1776.

IF MARY ANN HARRISON, whoſe Maiden Name is GUITAR, late of this City, but ſuppoſed to have gone in the Country to Service, will return and enquire at Chriſtopher Carren's, Taylor, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, ſhe may hear of a Sum of Money being left her by her Huſband, JOHN HARRISON, now going another Voyage to the Weſt-Indies. §

WENT out of the ſtable yard, 27th of Ninth-Month, 1776, a ſmall brown COW, near three years old, ſome white about her head, part of her tail was lately cut off by ſome wicked body, ſhe gave a good deal of milk. Theſe are to requeſt all Tanners to take notice of ſuch a hide, if offered for ſale, or if ſhe may come to any body's place, any one giving information where ſhe is, ſhall be well rewarded by ISAAC ZANE.

Uwchland township, Cheſter county, September 30, 1776.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the tenth of this inſtant, an Iriſh indented ſervant woman, named Margaret Owings, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high; ſhe is a fat, luſty, freſh coloured perſon, and thought to be with child. She ſtole, and took with her, ſundry wearing apparel, a common linen ſheet, marked I. B. a pillow caſe, and other things not particularly known. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and brings her home, together with what ſhe ſtole, ſhall be entitled to Sixpence reward. JOSEPH BENTLEY. ¶

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED from Captain Samuel Hines's company, of the firſt battalion of flying camp, of Philadelphia county, commanded by Colonel John Moore, two ſoldiers, viz. *William Bell*, an Iriſhman, about 5 feet 8 inches high, 21 years of age, a ſtout well made fellow; had on, when he deſerted, a white hunting ſhirt and trowſers; he was enliſted out of Captain Mercer's company of the Lancaſter county militia, and it is probable he will try to get to Lancaſter county. And *John Cooper*, a middle aged man, about 5 feet 7 inches high; his clothes not remembered; he has a ſcar above one of his eyes, is very talkative, has been in the ſervice nine months at Boſton. Whoever ſecures the ſaid deſerters, and ſends them to the company at Perth-Amboy, ſhall have the above reward, or Eight Dollars for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ SAMUEL HINES, Captain.

TWELVE POUNDS Reward.

DESERTED from Captain Benjamin Wallace's company of the flying camp, belonging to Col. William Montgomery's battalion, ſix men, viz. *William Clouds*, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, a well countenanced fellow; had on, when he deſerted, a pair of buckſkin breeches, and a coarſe white ſhirt, with a red under jacket; deſerted in Amboy, where he had a woman or wife who it is ſuppoſed concealed him until we marched; he deſerted about the 29th of Auguſt laſt. *Edward Mealy*, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, a down ill-looking villain, very apt to get drunk, and very abuſive when ſo; deſerted at Fort Conſtitution the 19th of Sept. laſt; he wore a long white coloured coat, with black pluſh breeches, tore between the legs; has but few clothes with him; he is a native of Ireland by the brogue on his tongue. *James Hamilton*, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, born in Ireland, a chunky fellow, wears his hair tied behind; deſerted from Fort Conſtitution about the 20th of Sept. laſt; had on a brown regimental coat, with green velvet facings, which formerly belonged to his maſter's ſon, and is ſomething too large for him; he ſerved his time with Robert Kelly, in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, where he enliſted; he was charged with being light fingered, which made him diſappear before brought to juſtice. *Daniel Grant*, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, a down looking fellow, and a caſt in one of his eyes, about 17 or 18 years of age; ſerved his time in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, with Charles Campbell; he wore a black hunting ſhirt and trowſers; it is ſuppoſed he has made towards home; he is this country born, and has an uncle in Philadelphia. *William Marſhall*, about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, born in Ireland; ſerved his time with John Jack, in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, and went in company with the above *Grant*; he had a blue body coat, under jacket, and white tow trowſers, and half-worn ſhoes; has red hair, and a great impediment in his ſpeech; enliſted in Weſt-Caln townſhip, and deſerted at Fort Conſtitution; he took a muſket belonging to his maſter with him, and ſome ammunition which he ſtole. *James Fitze*, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; this country born, by trade a blackſmith; enliſted in Amboy, and deſerted at Fort Conſtitution; is a wicked ſurly fellow, and very artful, and will make his eſcape if taken, without particular care being taken of him; it is ſuppoſed he is gone towards Doe-Run, in Cheſter county, as he came from thence; had on, and took with him, a green hunting ſhirt and trowſers, new ſhoes, with braſs buckles; it is ſuppoſed he will get his clothes altered, as he had ſome money with him. Whoever ſecures the ſaid deſerters, and lodges them in Philadelphia goal, or delivers them to their ſaid Captain, ſhall have the above reward, or Two Pounds for each, paid by

BENJAMIN WALLACE, Captain.

TWO DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED away from the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Darby townſhip, the 14th Sept. laſt, two MARES, viz. A Sorrel, three years old laſt June, a blaze down her face, neither brand or ear-mark, ſhod before with old ſhoes. The other a light Bay, two years old laſt May, with a large ſtar and four white feet, branded on the near ſhoulder I. B. Whoever takes up and ſecures them, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall receive the above reward for both, or one Dollar for either, paid by JONATHAN BONSALL. ‡

Philadelphia, September 23, 1776.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Spring-Garden, a ſervant man, named Frederick Beyerlein, about 19 or 20 years of age, ſhort and well ſet, has brown hair, one of his fore fingers is crooked and ſtiff; had on a fine hat, a green cloth coat, with edge ſteel buttons, a white linen jacket, white ſtriped breeches, white ſtockings, new ſhoes, ſteel buckles, and white ſhirt. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by LEWIS STROAK, Tanner. ‡

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, on the night of the 28th of September laſt, from the paſture of Hugh Ely, living in Buckingham townſhip, Bucks county, a ſorrel MARE about 10 years old, full 14½ hands high, with a large blaze in her face, both hind feet white, whitiſh mane and tail, a ſmall ſaddle ſpot on each ſide of her back, and a ſmall hard lump at the place of buckling the throat ſtrap, paces and trots well, and ſuckled a foal when taken. Any perſon taking up ſaid mare, and giving intelligence, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have Two Dollars, and if brought home the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN ELY. ‡

Roxborough, Philadelphia County, September 15, 1776.

ALL perſons who are indebted to the eſtate of PETER RIGHTER, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to the Executors; and all perſons having any juſt demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to produce their accounts, properly proved, that they may be ſettled by JOHN RIGHTER, and ENOCH LEVERING, Executors. ‡

Philadelphia, September 24, 1776.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Vine-ſtreet, an apprentice boy, named John Peter Pouel, between 16 and 17 years of age, has red hair, freckled face, an old hat, black ſtriped linſey-woolſey jacket with ſleeves, ſtriped linen trowſers. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by JOSHUA LAMPATER, Butcher. †

Philadelphia, October 1, 1776.

ALL that have any demands againſt the eſtate of JAMES WOOD, late of this city, Boat-builder, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted and paid; and thoſe that are indebted to the ſaid eſtate, by bond, note, or book-account, are deſired to pay the ſame to

NATHANIEL BROWN.

ALL thoſe who have any demands againſt the eſtate of JOHN HYDER, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, to JOHN HYDER, in New-Jerſey, or ANN WILES, in Water-ſtreet, near the Upper Ferry, that they may be ſettled; and it is requeſted that all thoſe who are indebted to ſaid eſtate will, to prevent further trouble, immediately diſcharge the ſame. JOHN HYDER, Adminiſtrator,

† ANN WILES, Adminiſtratrix.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,

A VALUABLE tract of Land and marſh, ſituate in Glouceſter county, New-Jerſey, between Egg-Harbour and Tuckahoe rivers containing in one tract about 1000 acres, on which is erected a good two ſtory frame dwelling, with a ſtone cellar, a large barn, and ſeveral good apple orchards, about 50 acres of cleared land, which is of very good ſoil and a ſwamp that contains about 100 acres, which will make excellent meadow, about 10 acres whereof is nearly cleared. the whole may be drained and kept dry at a very ſmall expence; ſaid ſwamp has in it a large quantity of beach, white oak and ſaſſafras timber, and is within about 3 miles from ſeveral landing places on Egg-Harbour and Tuckahoe rivers; likewiſe about 12 acres of cedar-ſwamp about 3 miles from ſaid premiſes, which will be ſold therewith; a large quantity of very good ſalt marſh adjoining the premiſes, and is very convenient for raiſing cattle; alſo about 100 acres of land and cedar-ſwamp at the head of Tuckahoe, about 10 miles from the above place, and about 5 miles from ſeveral ſaw-mills, and about 80 acres of ſalt marſh down the river, convenient for getting hay to Cape May, or Egg-Harbour. The ſubſcribers will ſell the whole together or in parts, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers; any perſon inclining to buy, may be informed, by applying to David Bacon in Philadelphia, or to Job Bacon, near ſaid city, or to William Griſcom, in Haddonfield, to Joſeph Ingerſull adjoining the premiſes, or to the ſubſcribers, one at Greenwich, the other at Salem, New-Jerſey, who will give their attendance at ſaid premiſes, when deſired.

EVERATT GRISCOM.

‡ WILLIAM GRISCOM, jun.

Whitemarſh, September 14, 1776.

STOLEN, laſt night, out of the paſture of REES BELL, near Plymouth Meeting-houſe, a brown HORSE, with a large ſtar, one hind foot white, and a half-penny out of one of his ears, about 14 hands high, about 10 years old, trots and canters well. Alſo a bright bay MARE, about 15 hands high, branded on the near buttock W. S. a natural pacer, going on 4 years old, dim ſighted in the night time. Whoever ſecures the creatures, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and Five Pounds if the thief is brought to conviction. † REES BELL.

CAME to the plantation of the Subſcriber, in Mountjoy townſhip, Lancaſter County, the 12th of July laſt, TWO BLACK COWS, both giving Milk; one of them has a Bell. The Owner or Owners are deſired to come, prove their Property, pay Charges, and take them away.

¶ JAMES MOREHEAD.

Springfield, Philadelphia County, September 21, 1776.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subſcriber, laſt Week, A red MILCH COW, ſhe is ear-marked. The Owner is deſired to come, prove Property, pay Charges, and take her away. CHRISTIAN DONAT. ¶

RUDOLPH AND JACOB HAINS,

In Uwchland townſhip Cheſter county, NURSERY-MEN,

HAVING received letters from Philadelphia, Bucks, Lancaſter and Northumberland counties, to enquire if they have apple trees fit to tranſplant, of what ſort, and their price (and as letters are often miſcarried) have thought proper to take this method to anſwer ſuch letters, as well as to inform the public in general, that they have now the largeſt quantity ever they had, of a good ſize to tranſplant, this enſuing fall and ſpring, of divers kinds, ſuch as Romanites, Hoop's, Newtown pippins, Ramboes, theſe four ſorts being the moſt profitable for cyder and keeping, they graft more of them than any other ſorts; but as they make it their care to pleaſe the public and their cuſtomers, they have a variety of other ſorts, ſuch as Vandivers, Engliſh ruſſets, Hay's long pippin, Houſe apple, fall and ſummer fruit of divers kinds, too tedious to mention. And as they have provided themſelves with a carriage, made cloſe and proper for carrying of trees ſeveral days journey, without damage, will deliver them ſafe to any that may want any quantity, not leſs than 300, within 40 miles, at Ninepence per tree, or to Middletown, boxed, in order to carry by water to Northumberland, at Tenpence per tree. Any perſon wanting trees may be ſupplied, by ſending a few lines directed as above, or to the care of Thomas Lightfoot, near the Yellow Spring; to John Kerlin, at the White Horſe; to John Jacobs, Eſq; near the White Horſe; or to Richard Downing, at Brandywine; all trees ſhall be properly invoiced, to diſtingniſh each ſort.

N. B. Trees may alſo be had at their Nurſery, near Lancaſter, on Charleſtown road, where they have near as great a quantity of trees and variety of ſorts, and as good like trees as above ſaid, which Nurſery is now in the care of GEORGE NAILER, Nurſeryman. *Septembr 20, 1776.* ‡ 7ſ 6.

Roads-Town, Cumberland County, New-Jerſey, Sept. 14, 1776.

To be LETT by the Subſcriber, in ſaid Town,

TWO Brick HOUSES, two ſtories high; one of which is a large houſe, with 2 rooms below and 3 on the upper floor, a cellar under the whole, and a brick kitchen joining thereto, with garden and pump of excellent water, and 4 acres of land joining the houſe, with ſtables and other out houſes. The other is a well finiſhed houſe, with a good kitchen, joiners ſhop, barn and chair-houſe, with a ſmall lot of land, and part of an excellent pump of water near the door. They would either ſuit any gentleman for private way of life, a doctor, or any other calling, eſpecially a ſhop joiner, the ſubſcriber having found it by experience to be a very good place for that buſineſs, for many years paſt. DANIEL BOWEN.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber, in Cheſter county,

A MESSUAGE and LOT of GROUND, containing eight acres, whereon are a good houſe and kitchen adjoining, the houſe is two ſtories high, and well finiſhed; a young bearing orchard, a well of excellent water at the door; the place is pleaſantly ſituated, on the road leading from Lancaſter to Philadelphia, about 18 miles from the latter, and would ſuit for either a tavern or ſtore. For further particulars enquire of HUGH HENRY, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or of

† JONATHAN MORRIS.

Lately publiſhed, and now ſelling, by

ROBERT BELL, in Third-ſtreet,

(Price Five Shillings)

A POCKET *ENGLISH* DICTIONARY; containing Explanations of the moſt difficult Words, which are commonly made uſe of in the *Engliſh* Language: With a Variety of memorable Things: Collected from the moſt celebrated Hiſtorians, Poets, Philoſophers, and Geographers.

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N. B. At ſaid BELL's may be had Variety of Military Books, alſo Latin and Greek Claſſics.

Mount-Holly, September 23, 1776.

JOHN SHIELDS

HAS opened a new STORE at the upper end of Mount-Holly (in the Houſe where the late Mr. John Woolman lived) where he propoſes to keep a neat Aſſortment of Dry and Wet Goods, ſuitable to that Part of the Country, whoſe Cuſtom he hopes to obtain by the Moderation of his Prices. 6 W.

THE Partnerſhip of HOOPER and MUSSER is, by mutual conſent, diſſolved; all thoſe that have any Demands againſt ſaid Partnerſhip, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, to ROBERT LETTIS HOOPER, junior, or JOHN MUSSER, for Payment. *Auguſt 28, 1776.* †

SIX-PENCE REWARD.

ABSENTED herſelf from the ſubſcriber's ſervice, on or about the 25th of September 1775, a certain JULIANA MILCAHEE, about 30 years of age, freſh complexion, black hair and brown eyes, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, is ſhort of ſtature, broad ſhouldered and ſtout made; had on, when ſhe went away, a ſtriped lincey jacket and petticoat, had ſundry other clothes with her, that ſhe may change her dreſs; ſhe had a male child, about 3 months old, which ſhe took with her. Whoever will deliver her to her maſter, ſhall have the above reward, paid by ANTHONY FORTUNE, at the White Horſe and Groom, in Shippen-ſtreet, near the new Play-houſe. †

CURE *for the moſt fatal* WOUNDS.

A MORE true and certain Remedy than the following was never diſcovered. It conſiſts only of a particular Sort of Wool from the Willow Tree, boiled in a Pint and a Half of Water for one Quarter of an Hour; therewith cleanſe and waſh the Wound three times a Day, laying the boiled Wool warm on the Wound, with a Linen Bandage over it.---It takes away the Swelling and Inflamation inſtantly, and cures the Wound in a ſhort time, without any Pain, to the Admiration of every one. It is to be ſold, in ſmall Packets, at *One Dollar*, at the Sign of the *Golden Swan*, in *Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia*, by

¶ MR. BRITON, L. V.

WAS FOUND, on the 27th of Auguſt, in the Church at Princeton, A KNAPSACK, marked T. D. Whoever has loſt the ſame, proving his property and paying charges, may have it again, by applying to Captain JACOB LEECH, in Cheltenham townſhip, Philadelphia county. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt-Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 11th of September inſt. about 7 o'clock in the morning, a black HORSE, about 15 hands high, 8 years old, neither brand nor ear-mark, a natural pacer, but travels ſhort, has a large mane that hangs to the off ſide, a long ſwitch tail, there is a lump on each ſide of his noſtrils, the one on the near ſide is as large as a hickory nut. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe, ſo that the owner may get him again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Three Pounds for the horſe, paid by SAMUEL FOTHEY. ¶

DOCTOR YELDALL,

WHOSE abilities are well known through moſt parts of the United States, is to be conſulted at his Medicinal Warehouſe, 3 doors above the Bank Meeting-houſe, in Front-ſtreet. Thoſe that live in the country, by ſending an account of their diſorders, may have advice and medicines. Thoſe in the city or parts adjacent may be waited on at their houſes; and on Mondays any poor perſon may be ſupplied gratis.

For the benefit of others I deſire that my caſe may be made public. I was afflicted for a long time with a pain in my arm, during which I applied to ſeveral able phyſicians in the city, but could find no relief; the pain at length took away the uſe of my arm, and I could get no eaſe either day or night. In this condition I deſpaired of relief, but hearing of many cures performed by Dr. Yeldall, I applied to him, who in a ſhort time removed the pain, reſtored the uſe of my arm, and I now follow my buſineſs.

JOSEPH SPENCER, Grocer, in Second-ſtreet.

For the benefit of others be it made public, that I had a large Wen growing on my neck for five years, during which I applied to ſeveral ſurgeons, but they all told me I ſhould bleed to death that inſtant it was cut, but hearing that Dr. Yeldall performed a great many of the like, I applied to him, who took it off with very little trouble, and without the loſs of a tea-cup full of blood.

BENJAMIN WILSON, Elizabeth-Town, New-Jerſey.

Sir, as there are many perſons that have cankers in their lips, and being deſirous that they may reap the ſame benefit that I have done, I deſire that you may make my caſe public. I was afflicted with a cancer in my lip for three years, during which I applied to many though without effect, until I applied to you, who in leſs than half a minute took out the cancer, and in 5 days healed up the part ſo as not to be perceived from whence the cancer was taken.

CHRISTOPHER HUGHES,

Bedminſter townſhip, Bucks county, Pennſylvania.

To Dr. YELDALL, Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Sir, for the benefit of others I deſire that you may make my caſe public, that thoſe being impoſed upon and labouring under the ſame complaint may know where to apply for a cure. I was blind for four years, during which I applied to many, but received no benefit. I was ſix weeks under a famous eye Doctor's hands, who took my money, and did me no good; but hearing that you took nothing in hand but where you had a probability of perfecting a cure, I applied to you, who in one minute brought me to ſight, and I can now ſee to read.

WILLIAM BELL.

‖ 7ſ 6. Vincent townſhip, Cheſter county, Pennſylvania.

STRAYED away, on the 25th of September laſt, from the ſubſcriber, in Frankford, near Philadelphia, a brown MARE, about 15 hands high, 10 years old, well ſhod before, neither brand nor natural mark remembered, except a few white hairs in her forehead; ſhe it a natural pacer, though trots ſome times out of hand, has a ſwitch tail, and is trimmed under the bridle. Whoever ſhall take up the ſaid mare, and ſecure her, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOSHUA GIBSON. §

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named *William Mullin*, about 16 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, well ſet, freſh coloured, and ſtraight fair hair; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, half-worn, a light coloured lincey upper jacket, lined with blue and green ſtriped lincey, a lincey under jacket, new home made linen ſhirt, old tow trowſers, patched on both knees, half-worn ſhoes, tied with ſtrings, and ſpeaks with a little of the brogue. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and delivers him to the ſubſcriber, or to Mr. Blair M'Clenachan, of Philadelphia, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges. *Auguſt 25, 1776.* ‖ CHARLES WALKER.

CAME to the plantation of JOHN ROBERTS, near Logan's mill, in Briſtol townſhip, a red COW, with a ſtar between her horns, flanks, feet, and half her tail white. The owner is deſired to prove property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶